Morning Oregonian.

VOL. V. PORTLAND, OREGON: WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 21 1866. NO. 268.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK, Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers to subscribers in Portland at 37½ cents a week. Single copies, 12½ cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at **$10 per annum in advance; $6 for six months; $3 for three months.** ADVERTISING at liberal rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the Daily will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at **$3** per annum, **$2** for six months, and **$1** for three months, in advance.

OFFICE—Corner Front and Washington streets. Entrance on Washington.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENT—L. P. FISHER, 629 Washington Street, San Francisco.

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Agents for TILTON & McFARLAND'S CELEBRATED
FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
Corner Front and Stark Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
nov13 ly

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J. M. SHEPHERD,
(Late of Tracy & Co's Express,)
HAVING LOCATED PERMANENTLY IN PLACERville, (Boise Mines), will attend promptly to all collections sent to or left him.
[illegible] Tracy & King; John McCraken; A. D. [illegible] Matthew Keith. n24dtf

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
IDAHO CITY, IDAHO TERRITORY.
Particular attention paid to Collecting Debts.
By permission, reference is made to
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LARRABEE, LANSING STOUT, W. W. UPTON.
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D. M. M'KENNEY.
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ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT-LAW,
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Particular attention paid to Land Claims and Land [illegible]. dec6 d3m

Oregon State Insane Asylum and COUNTY HOSPITAL.
DRS. HAWTHORNE & LORYEA,
PHYSICIANS & PROPRIETORS.
Office at Drs. Chapman and Watkins,
Corner of Front and Washington Streets,
PORTLAND. dtf

E. HAMILTON,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR-AT-LAW.
Office on Front street, East side, corner of Alder. Practice in the Courts of Oregon and Washington Territory, and United States District Court for Oregon. My [illegible] at San Francisco and East of the [illegible], gives me facilities for COLLECTIONS, which receive prompt attention.
WILL NEGOTIATE LOANS [illegible] on unincumbered [illegible] titles. Persons purchasing Real Estate find it to their advantage to consult me before, as I have an Abstract of Titles to Real Estate, [illegible] Liens kept up with County Records. [illegible] and instructions given for [illegible] taking under the Pre-emption and late Homestead laws. no23d&wtf

P. C. DART,
[illegible] AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,
419 Front Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.
[illegible] Cash Advances made on Consignments of Merchandise Produce.
REFERS TO
[illegible] Ladd & Tilton; Henry Failing, Esq.
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[illegible] New York—[illegible], A. E. and C. E. Tilton, 95 and 97
[illegible] Albert Clark, Brevoort House. m23dtf

T. JOHNSTON,
GAS-FITTER AND PLUMBER,
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(Opposite Dekum & Bickel's Store,)
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[illegible] D. E. PHILLIPS.
DODGE & PHILLIPS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
[illegible] FRONT STREET,
Between Clay and Commercial,
SAN FRANCISCO.
ORDERS SOLICITED.
oct13,d6law6m

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THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS TO THE PUBLIC his [illegible] together with his long and practical experience in MECHANICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL DRAWING. He is constantly receiving accessions to his already extensive Library of the latest and most approved Architectural works, published in Europe and America. Together, with the choicest collections of [illegible] of the most beautiful and elaborate mansions [illegible] built in the United States or Canada, is now prepared to furnish Plans and Specifications for
PRIVATE OR PUBLIC BUILDINGS,
according to the latest, cheapest, and most approved styles, at his Office, No. 175 Front Street, New Brick Building. nov6dtf JNO. NESTOR.
N. B. Having devoted years of my time and attention to sketching and traveling through all portions of the United States and Canada, I can safely guarantee entire satisfaction to all entrusting their work to me. J. N.

PORTLAND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY,
Cor. Front and Washington Sts.,
PARRISH'S BUILDING.
THIS INSTITUTION FORMERLY ESTABLISHED and conducted by the undersigned, will reopen for the reception of Students in the Science and Practice of Double Entry Book-Keeping and collateral branches,
ON FRIDAY, 15TH INST.
Open both Day and Evening.
T. PATTERSON, Principal.
Portland, Dec. 13, 1865. dtf

NOTICE.
THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES THIS OPPORTUNITY to thank the public for their patronage of the SALOON, and hopes by strict attention to business [illegible] with the
VERY BEST OF WINES AND LIQUORS
[illegible] their patronage. Hereafter the same will be known as the
[illegible]'S EXCHANGE!
[illegible] it necessary to make this THE FIRST SALOON OF THE CITY will be at hand.
THOS. HARRIS.
Portland, Feb. 17th, 1865. feb20dtf

JOHN B. MILLER,
PRACTICAL
WATCHMAKER,
100 Front Street,
[illegible] North of Post Office, to Bloshaim's Music Store,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
[illegible] RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE citizens of Portland and the interior towns, and the public [illegible], that I have returned to this city and opened my NEW STORE with a
Very Extensive and Well Selected Assortment of
GOLD & SILVER WATCHES,
from the most Celebrated Makers,
CLOCKS OF VARIOUS STYLES,
[illegible] JEWELRY, AND SILVER WARE.
All of the Latest and Most Desirable Fashions.
Particular attention given to CLEANING AND REPAIRING FINE WATCHES, and satisfaction guaranteed. [illegible] and Jewelry of every description repaired at [illegible]
[illegible] 10, 1865 JOHN B. MILLER

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
CAPITAL, $750,000, GOLD COIN.
HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO COMPLY with the law of the State of Oregon, requiring a deposit of **$50,000**, invite parties desirous of insuring against loss or damage by fire, to patronize this HOME INSTITUTION.
DIRECTORS.
SAN FRANCISCO.
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PORTLAND, OREGON.
Capt. J. C. AINSWORTH, W. S. LADD (Ladd & Tilton.)
LADD & TILTON,
General Agents for Oregon and Washington Territory.
Dec. 23, 1864. d6m

UNION Insurance Company
OF SAN FRANCISCO,
Nos. 416 and 418 CALIFORNIA ST.
STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.
CASH CAPITAL, $750,000.
DEPOSIT IN OREGON, $50,000.
Losses Promptly and Equitably Adjusted and Paid in Gold Coin.
THIS COMPANY having complied with the laws of Oregon, by making a Deposit of fifty thousand dollars is now prepared to insure against Loss or Damage by FIRE Brick, Iron, and Frame Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and other Insurable Property in all parts of this State.
DIRECTORS:
J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Wm. E. Barron, J. G. Kittle, Joe A. Donohoe, Jas. C. Conroy, P. H. Burnett, Moses Heller, Lafayette Maynard, Charles L. Low, Jacob Scholle,
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CALEB T. FAY, President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary.
W. J. VAN SCHUYVER,
Agent for Oregon,
Office No. 73 Front Street, Portland.
Portland, November 16, 1865. dtf

OREGON BAKERY!
OPITZ & SHARF,
Corner First and Washington Streets,
Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer of
BREAD, CAKES, Crackers,
AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
FAMILY GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City Free of Charge.
Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.
Portland, July 29th, 1865. dtf

EDWIN POWELL. GEORGE B. COE.
POWELL & COE,
Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS,
UMATILLA CITY, OGN.
PARTICULAR PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO receiving and forwarding goods to all parts of the Mines in Oregon and Washington and Idaho.
Goods reconsigned, Freights paid, Storage obtained, and all business connected with the Forwarding and Commission Business promptly attended to.
Consignments of Goods solicited.
WE REFER BY PERMISSION,
At San Francisco—Howard, Goewy & Co, Richards & McCraken.
At Portland—Richards & McCraken, Goldsmith Bros.
At Victoria, V. I.—Goldstone & Bro, Guild, David & Co.
Mark Goods care of P. & C., Umatilla.
aug31tf

FLANDERS & FELTON,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WALLULA, W. T.
PERSONAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO RECEIVING and Forwarding Goods to all parts of the Mines in Washington and Idaho Territories; also to the Kootenai Mines. Freights paid and Goods Stored on Consignments made to us.
All business intrusted to us promptly attended to.
Mark Goods care of F. & F., Wallula.

FLANDERS & FELTON
Have on hand and keep for sale a Large Assortment o
Groceries and Liquors.
REFERENCES:
Messrs. Hodd, Stanley & Co., San Francisco.
" Bavley & Co., Portland.
" Knapp, Burrell & Co., Portland.
feb21 dtf

IDAHO!
B. M. DuRELL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
BOISE CITY, I. T.,
SILVER CITY, OWYHEE MINES,
References:
Allen & Lewis, Portland, O. | Warren Leland, N. Y. City.
Moses, Ellis & Co., | Holladay & Halsey,
San Francisco. | Great Salt Lake City
ap3dly

COLUMBIA RIVER MINES!
A. E. BOOTH ... HARRY NEVISON
BOOTH & NEVISON,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
AND DEALERS IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE,
White Bluffs, W. T.
FREIGHT FOR COLVILLE, UPPER COLUMBIA, KOOTENAI and BLACKFOOT MINES promptly forwarded.
Mark Goods B. and N., White Bluffs, W. T.
REFERENCES:
PORTLAND—Richards & McCraken, Allen & Lewis, and Hodge & Calef.
DALLES—Block, Miller & Co., French & Gilman. oc12 3m*

HENRY MARTIN & CO.,
DEALERS IN
PRODUCE,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
NUTS OF ALL KINDS,
CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, STATIONERY, CUTLERY,
Yankee Notions, &c.,
FIRE CRACKERS and all kinds of FIREWORKS, and South San Island CORAL SHELLS always on hand.
Also, Miller & Lambert's FLOWER SHRUBBERY, FRUIT TREES and FRUITS.
Corner of Front and Washington Sts.,
Opposite Lincoln House, Portland, Oregon.
P. S.—Orders promptly filled. nov24tf

80 Tons
PURE LIVERPOOL SALT—COARSE AND FINE, by H. PITTOCK,
Corner First and Morrison Streets, and No 9 Front Street.

Mining Tools,
A LARGE STOCK CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
For sale by H. W. CORBETT

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Capital—$1,250,000
Paid up in Full,
IN 12,500 SHARES, OF $100 EACH,
WITH POWER TO INCREASE.
HEAD OFFICE—80 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND—VICTORIA
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA,
NEW WESTMINSTER—Bank of British Columbia,
YALE—Bank of British Columbia,
MOUTH QUESNELLE—Bank of British Columbia,
CAMERONTOWN CARIBOO—Bank of British Columbia.
IN THE UNITED STATES:
SAN FRANCISCO—Bank of British Columbia;
NEW YORK—Messrs. R. BELL and F. GUNDRY.
IN CANADA;
BANK OF MONTREAL.
Branches and Agencies:
Montreal, Toronto, Quebec, Hamilton, London,
Kingston, Cobourg, Belleville, Brantford, Brockville,
Whitby, Peterboro, Ottawa, Guelph, Goderich,
Stratford, Paris, Perth, Simcoe, St. Catharines.
IN SCOTLAND—British Linen Company Bank.
IN IRELAND—Union Bank of Ireland.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less than One Hundred Dollars. INTEREST allowed on Credit balances of $1,000 and upward.
DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing Interest, issued for money lodged for fixed periods.
BILLS Discounted and Collected, and BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York purchased.
DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies, and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco and New York, authorizing payment for Goods shipped to Portland.
GOLD BARS PURCHASED, received on Deposit, or Advances made upon them.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.
Portland, July 10, 1865. 40tf

PORTLAND
PLUMBING, GAS & STEAM FITTING
ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 110 First Street.
ON HAND AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FROM the East—
Cooking Ranges, Hot Water Boilers,
Copper, Tin and Planished Bath Tubs;
Square and angular Black Walnut Counter-Sunk
Marble Wash Stands;
Cold, and Hot and Cold WATER SHOWERS;
SILVER-PLATED BASIN COCKS;
MARBLE WASH-BASINS;
FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS;
HYDRAULIC RAMS,
NON-FREEZING HYDRANTS;
WATER CLOSETS, &c., &c.
Persons wishing to introduce Cold, or Hot and Cold Water into their premises, either Plain or Ornamental, would do well to give me a call.
Portland, April 24, 1865. C. H. MYERS.

ENGINEERS AND OTHERS,
Take Notice.
JUST RECEIVED, A SMALL LOT OF THE CELEbrated SCOTCH TUBES for Water Guages.
Also, the Largest Stock ever offered before in this city of all sizes WROUGHT IRON PIPES from ⅛ to 4 inch inside diameter; BRASS COCKS, T'S; ELBOWS, RETURN BENDS, NIPPLES, BUSHINGS, &c.
Constantly on hand, STEAM WHISTLES, STEAM GUAGES, WATER GUAGES, GOVERNOR and STOP VALVES, THROTTLE, ANGLE and CHECK VALVES, GUAGE COCKS, AIR COCKS, and all kinds of
BRASS WORK,
FOR STEAM, WATER, AND GAS.
Persons wishing any thing in the above line, will do well to examine and price my stock before sending to San Francisco.
C. H. MYERS,
Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting Establishment,
ap3dtf No. 110, First Street, Portland.

CITY BAKERY
AND
Provision Store.
R. PITTOCK,
NO. 9 NORTH FRONT STREET,
Opposite Lower Steamship Landing
and Corner First and Morrison Streets,
Wholesale and Retail manufacturer of
BREAD,
Butter, Water, Sugar, Boston and Soda
CRACKERS,
PILOT BREAD, PIES, CAKES, &c., &c.
and all kinds of
STEAMBOAT AND SHIP STORES,
Family Groceries,
FEED, FRUITS, VEGETABLES, &c., &c.
Bread and Stores delivered to any part of the City.
Orders from a distance carefully filled and promptly dispatched.
The business hereafter will be conducted STRICTLY ON THE CASH PRINCIPLE.

Notice to
BREWERS & SALOON-KEEPERS.
THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
MALT, HOPS, IRISH MOSS,
BARLEY SHOVELS, BARREL BRUSHES,
BRASS AND WOOD FAUCETS,
And all other articles for Brewer's use. Also any quantity of
WEINHARD'S LAGER BEER!
So Well and Favorably Known. All of which we are prepared to furnish at PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION.
Orders will be Promptly Filled.
WEINHARD & DELLINGER,
City Brewery,
Nov 3d, 1864. d3m Portland, Oregon.

Jewelry! Jewelry!
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK!
F. D. STEWART. G. E. COURLEY.
STEWART & COURLEY,
Are now offering to the Public the BEST and CHEAPEST assortment of
CLOCKS, WATCHES, JEWELRY,
IVORY AND RUBBER SETTS,
(New Style Jewelry;)
A Large and Well-selected Stock of
Silver Plated Ware;
And everything usually kept in our line of business.
AGENTS FOR THE AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY.
Particular attention paid to the REPAIRS OF FINE WATCHES, and all kinds of JOB WORK done on short notice by an experienced workman.
Call and see for yourselves.
STEWART & COURLEY,
je2dly 107 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

C. WATERHOUSE, S. F. and Sac. | J. W. LESTER, N. Y.
WATERHOUSE & LESTER,
Successors to H. W. Bragg & Co.,
IMPORTERS OF—
HARDWOOD LUMBER,
ALL KINDS OF
Coach, Carriage and Wagon Stock.
17 and 18 Seventh street, Sacramento.
20 and 31 Battery street, San Francisco.
nov11d2m 1p

Dissolution of Copartnership.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Copartnership heretofore existing under the name of H. W. BRAGG & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. Bragg having sold his entire interest in the firm to his partners, the business will be conducted by them under the name and style of WATERHOUSE & LESTER, who are authorized to collect all debts due the late firm and will settle all demands against the same.
October 30, 1865.
H. W. BRAGG.
C. WATERHOUSE,
J. W. LESTER.

Report of Lieut. General U. S. Grant, of the Armies of the United States—1864-'65.

(Continued.)

On the 19th General Hood continued his advance. General Thomas, retarding him as much as possible, fell back toward Nashville for the purpose of concentrating his command and gaining time for the arrival of reinforcements. The enemy, coming up with our main force, commanded by General Schofield, at Franklin, on the 30th, assaulted our works repeatedly during the afternoon until late at night, but were in every instance repulsed. His loss in this battle was 1,750 killed, 702 prisoners and 3,800 wounded. Among the losses were six general officers killed, six wounded and one captured. Our entire loss was 2,300. This was the first serious opposition the enemy met with, and I am satisfied was the fatal blow to all his expectations. During the night General Schofield fell back toward Nashville. This left the field to the enemy—not lost by battle, but voluntarily abandoned—so that General Thomas' whole force might be brought together. The enemy followed up and commenced the establishment of his line in front of Nashville on the 2d of December.

As soon as it was ascertained that Hood was crossing the Tennessee river, and that Price was going out of Missouri, General Rosecrans was ordered to send to General Thomas the troops of General A. J. Smith's command and such other troops as he could spare. The advance of this reinforcement reached Nashville on the 30th of November.

On the morning of the 15th of December, General Thomas attacked Hood in position, and, in a battle lasting two days, defeated and drove him from the field in the utmost confusion, leaving in our hands most of his artillery and many thousand prisoners, including four general officers.

Before the battle of Nashville, I grew very impatient over, as it appeared to me, the unnecessary delay. This impatience was increased upon learning that the enemy had sent a force of cavalry across the Cumberland into Kentucky. I feared Hood would cross his whole army and give us great trouble there. After urging upon Gen. Thomas the necessity of immediately assuming the offensive, I started West to superintend matters there in person. Reaching Washington City, I received General Thomas' dispatch announcing his attack upon the enemy, and the result as far as the battle progressed. I was delighted. All fears and apprehensions were dispelled. I am not yet satisfied but that General Thomas, immediately upon the appearance of Hood before Nashville, and before he had time to fortify, should have moved out with his whole force and given him battle, instead of waiting to remount his cavalry, which delayed him until the inclemency of the weather made it impossible to attack earlier than he did. But his final defeat of Hood was so complete that it will be accepted as a vindication of that distinguished officer's judgment.

After Hood's defeat at Nashville he retreated, closely pursued by cavalry and infantry, to the Tennessee river, being forced to abandon many pieces of artillery and most of his transportation. On the 28th of December our advanced forces ascertained that he had made good his escape to the south side of the river.

About this time, the rains having set in heavily in Tennessee and North Alabama, making it difficult to move army transportation and artillery, General Thomas stopped the pursuit by his main force at the Tennessee river. A small force of cavalry, under Col. W. J. Palmer, Fifteenth Pennsylvania Volunteers, continued to follow Hood for some distance, capturing considerable transportation and the enemy's pontoon bridge. The details of these operations will be found clearly set forth in General Thomas' report.

A cavalry expedition, under Brevet Major General Grierson, started from Memphis on the 21st of December. On the 25th he surprised and captured Forrest's dismounted camp at Verona, Mississippi, on the Mobile and Ohio railroad, destroyed the railroad, sixteen cars loaded with wagons and pontoons for Hood's army, 4,000 new English carbines and large amounts of public stores. On the morning of the 28th he attacked and captured a force of the enemy at Egypt, and destroyed a train of fourteen cars; thence turning to the southwest, he struck the Mississippi Central Railroad at Winona, destroyed the factories and large amounts of stores at Bankston, and the machine shops and public property at Granada, arriving at Vicksburg January 5th.

During these operations in Middle Tennessee, the enemy, with a force under General Breckinridge, entered East Tennessee. On the 13th of November he attacked General Gillem, near Morristown, captured his artillery and several hundred prisoners.* Gillem, with what was left of his command, retreated to Knoxville. Following up his success, Breckinridge moved to near Knoxville, but withdrew on the 18th, followed by General Ammen. Under the directions of General Thomas, General Stoneman concentrated the commands of Generals Burbridge and Gillem near Bean's Station, to operate against Breckinridge, and destroy or drive him into Virginia, destroy the salt works at Saltville, and the railroad into Virginia as far as he could go without endangering his command. On the 12th of December he commenced his movement, capturing and dispersing the enemy's forces wherever he met them. On the 16th he struck the enemy, under Vaughn, at Marion, completely routing and pursuing him to Wytheville, capturing all his artillery, trains and 198 prisoners, and destroyed Wytheville, with its stores and supplies, and the extensive lead works near there. Returning to Marion, he met a force under Breckinridge, consisting, among other troops, of the garrison of Saltville, that had started in pursuit. He at once made arrangements to attack it the next morning; but morning found Breckinridge gone. He then moved directly to Saltville, and destroyed the extensive salt works at that place, a large amount of stores, and captured eight pieces of artillery. Having thus successfully executed his instructions, he returned General Burbridge to Lexington, and General Gillem to Knoxville.

Wilmington, North Carolina, was the most important sea coast port left to the enemy through which to get supplies from abroad, and send cotton and other products out by blockade runners, besides being a place of great strategic value. The navy had been making strenuous exertions to seal the harbor of Wilmington, but with only partial effect. The nature of the outlet of Cape Fear river was such that it required watching for so great a distance, that without possession of the land north of New Inlet, or Fort Fisher, it was impossible for the navy to entirely close the harbor against the entrance of blockade runners.

To secure the possession of this land required the co-operation of a land force, which I agreed to furnish. Immediately commenced the assemblage in Hampton Roads, under Admiral D. D. Porter, of the most formidable armada ever collected for concentration upon one given point. This necessarily attracted the attention of the enemy, as well as that of the loyal North, and through the imprudence of the public press, and very likely of others of both branches of the service, the exact object of the expedition became a subject of common discussion in the newspapers both North and South. The enemy thus warned prepared to meet it. This caused a postponement of the expedition until the latter part of November, when, being again called upon by G. V. Fox, Assistant Secretary of the navy, I agreed to furnish the men required at once, and went myself, in company with Major General Butler, to Hampton Roads, where we had a conference with Admiral Porter, as to the force required, and the time of starting. A force of 6,500 men was regarded as sufficient. The time of starting was not definitely arranged, but it was thought all would be ready on the 6th of December, if not before. Learning on the 30th of November, that Bragg had gone to Georgia, taking with him most of the forces about Wilmington, I deemed it of the utmost importance that the expedition should reach its destination before the return of Bragg, and directed General Butler to make all arrangements for the departure of Major General Weitzel, who had been designated to command the land forces, so that the navy might not be detained one moment.

On the 6th of December the following instructions were given:

CITY POINT, VA., Dec. 6, 1864.

GENERAL: The first object of the expedition under General Weitzel is to close to the enemy the port of Wilmington. If successful in this, the second will be to capture Wilmington itself. There are reasonable grounds to hope for success, if advantage can be taken of the absence of the greater part of the enemy's forces now looking after Sherman in Georgia. The directions you have given for the numbers and equipments of the expedition are all right, except in the unimportant matter of where they embark and the amount of intrenching tools to be taken. The object of the expedition will be gained by effecting a landing on the main land between Cape Fear river and the Atlantic, north of the north entrance to the river. Should such landing be effected whilst the enemy still holds Fort Fisher and the batteries guarding the entrance to the river, then the troops should intrench themselves, and by co-operating with the navy effect the reduction and capture of those places. These in our hands, the navy could enter the harbor, and the port of Wilmington would be sealed. Should Fort Fisher and the point of land on which it is built fall into the hands of our troops immediately on landing, then it will be worth the attempt to capture Wilmington by a forced march and surprise. If time is consumed in gaining the first object of the expedition, the second will become a matter of after consideration.

The details for execution are intrusted to you and the officer immediately in command of the troops.

Should the troops under General Weitzel fail to effect a landing at or near Fort Fisher, they will be returned to the armies operating against Richmond without delay.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

Major General B. F. Butler.

General Butler commanding the army from which the troops were taken for this enterprise, and the territory within which they were to operate, military courtesy required that all orders and instructions should go through him. They were so sent; but General Weitzel has since officially informed me that he never received the foregoing instructions, nor was he aware of their existence until he read General Butler's published official report of the Fort Fisher failure, with my indorsement and papers accompanying it. I had no idea of General Butler's accompanying the expedition until the evening before it got off from Bermuda Hundred, and then did not dream but that General Weitzel had received all the instructions, and would be in command. I rather formed the idea that General Butler was actuated by a desire to witness the explosion of the powder boat. The expedition was delayed several days at Hampton Roads, awaiting the loading of the powder boat.

The importance of getting the Wilmington expedition off without any delay, with or without the powder boat, had been urged upon General Butler, and he advised to so notify Admiral Porter.

The expedition finally got off on the 13th of December, and arrived at the place of rendezvous, off New Inlet, near Fort Fisher, on the evening of the 15th. Admiral Porter arrived on the evening of the 18th, having put in at Beaufort to get ammunition for the Monitors. The sea becoming rough, making it difficult to land troops, and the supply of water and coal being about exhausted, the transport fleet put back to Beaufort to replenish; this, with the state of the weather, delayed the return to the place of rendezvous until the 24th. The powder-boat was exploded on the morning of the 24th, before the return of General Butler from Beaufort, but it would seem from the notice taken of it in the Southern newspapers that the enemy were never enlightened as to the object of the explosion until they were informed by the Northern press.

On the 25th a landing was effected without opposition, and a reconnoissance, under Brevet Brigadier General Curtis, pushed up towards the fort. But before receiving a full report of the result of this reconnoissance, General Butler, in direct violation of the instructions given, ordered the re-embarkation of the troops and the return of the expedition.

The re-embarkation was accomplished by the morning of the 27th.

On the return of the expedition, officers and men, among them Brevet Major General (then Brevet Brigadier General) N. M. Curtis, First Lieutenant G. W. Ross, —— Regiment Vermont Volunteers, First Lieutenant Geo. W. Walling and Second Lieutenant George Simpson, One Hundred and Forty Second New York Volunteers, voluntarily reported to me that when recalled they were nearly into the fort, and, in their opinion, it could have been taken without much loss.

Soon after the return of the expedition, I received a dispatch from the Secretary of the Navy, and a letter from Admiral Porter, informing me that the fleet was still off Fort Fisher, and expressing the conviction that, under a proper leader, the place could be taken. The natural supposition with me was that, when the troops abandoned the expedition the navy would do so also. Finding it had not, however, I answered on the 30th of December, advising Admiral Porter to hold on, and that I would send a force and make another attempt to take the place. This time I selected Brevet Major General (now Major General) A. H. Terry to command the expedition. The troops composing it consisted of the same that composed the former, with the addition of a small brigade, numbering about 1,500, and a small siege train. The latter it was never found necessary to land. I communicated direct to the commander of the expedition the following instructions:

CITY POINT, VA., Jan. 3, 1865.

GENERAL: The expedition intrusted to your command has been fitted out to renew the attempt to capture Fort Fisher, N. C., and Wilmington ultimately, if the Fort falls. You will then proceed with as little delay as possible to the naval fleet lying off Cape Fear river, and report the arrival of yourself and command to Admiral D. D. Porter, commanding the North Atlantic blockading squadron.

It is exceedingly desirable that the most complete understanding should exist between yourself and the naval commander. I suggest, therefore, that you consult with Admiral Porter freely and get from him the part to be performed by each branch of the public service, so that there may be unity of action. It would be well to have the whole programme laid down in writing. I have served with Admiral Porter, and know that you can rely on his judgment and his nerve to undertake what he proposes. I would, therefore, defer to him as much as is consistent with your own responsibilities. The first object to be attained is to get a firm position on the spit of land on which Fort Fisher is built, from which you can operate against that Fort. You want to look to the practicability of receiving your supplies, and to defend yourself against superior forces sent against you by any of the avenues left open to the enemy. If such position can be obtained, the siege of Fort Fisher will not be abandoned until its reduction is accomplished or another plan of campaign is ordered from these headquarters.

My own views are that, if you effect a landing, the navy ought to run a portion of their fleet into Cape Fear river, while the balance of it operates on the outside. Land forces cannot invest Fort Fisher or cut it off from supplies or reinforcements while the river is in possession of the enemy.

A siege train will be loaded on vessels and sent to Fort Monroe, in readiness to be sent to you if required. All other supplies can be drawn from Beaufort as you need them.

Keep the fleet of vessels with you until your position is assured. When you find they can be spared, order them back, or such of them as you can spare, to Fort Monroe for orders.

In case of failure to effect a landing, bring your command back to Beaufort, and report to these headquarters for further instructions. You will not debark at Beaufort until so directed.

General Sheridan has been ordered to send a division of troops to Baltimore, and place them on sea-going vessels. These troops will be brought to Fort Monroe and kept there on the vessels until you are heard from. Should you require them they will be sent to you.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

Brevet Major General A. H. Terry.

Lieutenant Colonel C. B. Comstock, Aid-de-Camp (now Brevet Brigadier General,) who accompanied the former expedition, was assigned in orders as Chief Engineer to this.

It will be seen that these instructions did not differ materially from those given for the first expedition, and that in neither instance was there an order to assault Fort Fisher. This was a matter left entirely to the discretion of the commanding officer.

The expedition sailed from Fortress Monroe on the morning of the 6th, arriving at the rendezvous off Beaufort, on the 8th, where, owing to the difficulties of the weather, it lay until the morning of the 12th, when it got under way and reached its destination that evening. Under cover of the fleet, the disembarkation of the troops commenced on the morning of the 13th, and by three o'clock P. M. was completed without loss. On the 14th a reconnoissance was pushed to within five hundred yards of Fort Fisher, and a small advance work taken possession of and turned into a defensive line against any attempt that might be made from the fort. This reconnoissance disclosed the fact that the front of the work had been seriously injured by the navy fire. In the afternoon of the 15th the fort was assaulted, and after most desperate fighting, was captured, with its entire garrison and armament. Thus was secured, by the combined efforts of the navy and army, one of the most important successes of the war. Our loss was, killed 110; wounded, 536. On the 16th and 17th the enemy abandoned and blew up Fort Caswell and the works on Smith's Island, which were immediately occupied by us. This gave us entire control of the mouth of Cape Fear river.

At my request, Major General B. F. Butler was relieved and Major General E. O. C. Ord assigned to the command of the Department of Virginia and North Carolina.

The defence of the line of the Tennessee no longer requiring the force which had beaten and nearly destroyed the only army threatening it, I determined to find other fields of operation for General Thomas's surplus troops—fields from which they could co-operate with other movements. General Thomas was therefore directed to collect all troops, not essential to hold his communications at Eastport, in readiness for orders. On the 7th of January, General Thomas was directed, if he was assured of the departure of Hood south from Corinth, to send General Schofield with his corps east with as little delay as possible. This direction was promptly complied with, and the advance of the corps reached Washington on the 23d of the same month, whence it was sent to Fort Fisher and Newbern. On the 26th he was directed to send General A. J. Smith's command and a division of cavalry to report to General Canby. By the 7th of February the whole force was en route to its destination.

The State of North Carolina was constituted into a military department, and General Schofield assigned to command, and placed under the orders of Major General Sherman. The following instructions were given him:

CITY POINT, VA., Jan. 31, 1865.

GENERAL: * * * Your movements are intended as co-operative with Sherman's through the States of South and North Carolina. The first point to be attained is to secure Wilmington. Goldsboro' will then be your objective point, moving either from Wilmington or Newbern, or both, as you deem best. Should you not be able to reach Goldsboro', you will advance on the line or lines of railway connecting that place with the sea coast—as near to it as you can, building the road behind you. The enterprise under you has two objects: the first is to give General Sherman material aid, if needed, in his march north; the second, to open a base of supplies for him on his line of march. As soon, therefore, as you can determine which of the two points, Wilmington or Newbern, you can best use for throwing supplies from to the interior, you will commence the accumulation of twenty days rations and forage for 60,000 men and 20,000 animals. You will get of these as many as you can house and protect to such point in the interior as you may be able to occupy. I believe General Palmer has received some instructions direct from General Sherman on the subject of securing supplies for his army. You can learn what steps he has taken, and be governed in your requisitions accordingly. A supply of ordnance stores will also be necessary.

Make all requisitions upon the chiefs of their respective departments in the field with me at City Point. Communicate with me by every opportunity, and should you deem it necessary at any time, send a special boat to Fort Monroe, from which point you can communicate by telegraph.

The supplies referred to in these instructions are exclusive of those required for your own command.

The movements of the enemy may justify, or even make it your imperative duty, to cut loose from your base and strike for the interior to aid Sherman. In such case you will act on your own judgment, without waiting for instructions. You will report, however, what you propose doing. The details for carrying out these instructions are necessarily left to you. I would urge, however, if I did not know that you are already fully alive to the importance of it, prompt action. Sherman may be looked for in the neighborhood of Goldsboro' any time from the 22d to the 28th of February; this limits your time very materially.

If rolling stock is not secured in the capture of Wilmington, it can be supplied from Washington. A large force of railroad men have already been sent to Beaufort, and other mechanics will go to Fort Fisher in a day or two. On this point I have informed you by telegraph.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

Major General Schofield.

Previous to giving these instructions I had visited Fort Fisher, accompanied by General Schofield, for the purpose of seeing myself the condition of things, and personally conferring with General Terry and Admiral Porter as to what was best to be done.

Anticipating the arrival of General Sherman at Savannah—his army entirely foot loose, Hood being then before Nashville, Tennessee, the southern railroad destroyed, so that it would take several months to re-establish a through line from west to east, and regarding the capture of Lee's army as the most important operation towards closing the rebellion—I sent orders to General Sherman on the 6th of December, that after establishing a base on the sea coast, with necessary garrison to include all his artillery and cavalry, to come by water to City Point with the balance of his command.

On the 18th of December, having received information of the defeat and utter rout of Hood's army by General Thomas, and that, owing to the great difficulty of procuring ocean transportation, it would take over two months to transport Sherman's army, and doubting whether he might not contribute as much towards the desired result by operating from where he was, I wrote to him to that effect, and asked him for his views as to what would be best to do. A few days after this I received a communication from General Sherman, of date 16th December, acknowledging the receipt of my order of the 6th, and informing me of his preparations to carry it into effect as soon as he could get transportation. Also that he had expected, upon reducing Savannah, instantly to march to Columbia, South Carolina, thence to Raleigh, and thence to report to me; but that this would consume about six weeks' time after the fall of Savannah, whereas by sea he could probably reach me by the middle of January. The confidence he manifested in this letter of being able to march up and join me pleased me, and, without waiting for a reply to my letter of the 18th, I directed him, on the 28th of December, to make preparations to start, as he proposed, without delay, to break up the railroads in North and South Carolina and join the armies operating against Richmond as soon as he could.

On the 21st of January I informed General Sherman that I had ordered the Twenty-third Corps, Major General Schofield commanding, east, that it numbered about 21,000 men, that we had at Fort Fisher about 8,000 men; at Newbern about 4,000; that if Wilmington was captured, General Schofield would go there; if not, he would be sent to Newbern; that, in either event, all the surplus force at both points would move to the interior towards Goldsborough, in co-operation with his movement; that from either point railroad communication could be run out, and that all these troops would be subject to his orders as he came into communication with them.

In obedience to his instructions, General Schofield proceeded to reduce Wilmington, North Carolina, in co-operation with the navy under Admiral Porter, moving his forces up both sides of the Cape Fear River. Fort Anderson, the enemy's main defence on the west bank of the river, was occupied on the morning of the 19th, the enemy having evacuated it after our appearance before it.

After fighting on the 20th and 21st, our troops entered Wilmington on the morning of the 22d, the enemy having retreated toward Goldsborough during the night. Preparations were at once made for a movement on Goldsborough in two columns—one from Wilmington, and the other from Newbern—and to repair the railroad leading there from each place, as well as to supply General Sherman by Cape Fear River, toward Fayetteville, if it became necessary. The column from Newbern was attacked on the 8th of March at Wise's Forks, and driven back with the loss of several hundred prisoners. On the 11th the enemy renewed his attack upon our intrenched position, but was repulsed with severe loss, and fell back during the night. On the 14th the Neuse River was crossed and Kinston occupied, and on the 21st Goldsborough was entered. The column from Wilmington reached Cox's bridge, on the Neuse River, ten miles above Goldsborough, on the 22d.

By the 1st of February General Sherman's whole army was in motion from Savannah. He captured Columbia, South Carolina, on the 17th; thence moved on Goldsborough, North Carolina, via Fayetteville, reaching the latter place on the 12th of March, opening up communication with General Schofield by way of Cape Fear River. On the 15th he resumed his march on Goldsborough. He met a force of the enemy at Averysborough, and after a severe fight defeated and compelled it to retreat. Our loss in this engagement was about 600. The enemy's loss was much greater. On the 18th the combined forces of the enemy, under Joe Johnston, attacked his advance at Bentonsville, capturing three guns and driving it back upon the main body. General Slocum, who was in the advance, ascertaining that the whole of Johnston's army was in the front, arranged his troops on the defensive, intrenched himself and awaited reinforcements, which were pushed forward. On the night of the 21st the enemy retreated to Smithfield, leaving his dead and wounded in our hands. From there Sherman continued to Goldsborough, which place had been occupied by General Schofield on the 21st, (crossing the Neuse River ten miles above there, at Cox's bridge, where General Terry had got possession and thrown a pontoon bridge, on the 22d) thus forming a junction with the columns from Newbern and Wilmington.

Among the important fruits of this campaign was the fall of Charleston, South Carolina. It was evacuated by the enemy on the night of the 17th of February, and occupied by our forces on the 18th.

On the morning of the 31st of January General Thomas was directed to send a cavalry expedition under General Stoneman from East Tennessee, to penetrate South Carolina well down toward Columbia, to destroy the railroads and military resources of the country, and return, if he was able, to East Tennessee by way of Salisbury, North Carolina, releasing our prisoners there, if possible. Of the feasibility of this latter, however, General Stoneman was to judge. Sherman's movements, I had no doubt, would attract the attention of all the force the enemy could collect, and facilitate the execution of this. General Stoneman was so late in making his start on this expedition, (and Sherman having passed out of the State of South Carolina,) on the 27th of February I directed General Thomas to change his course, and ordered him to repeat his raid of last fall, destroying the railroads toward Lynchburg as far as he could. This would keep him between our garrisons in East Tennessee and the enemy. I regarded it not impossible that in the event of the enemy being driven from Richmond he might fall back to Lynchburg and attempt a raid north through East Tennessee. On the 14th of February the following communication was sent to General Thomas:

CITY POINT, VA., Feb. 14, 1865.

General Canby is preparing a movement from Mobile Bay against Mobile and the interior of Alabama. His force will consist of about 20,000 men, besides A. J. Smith's command. The cavalry you have sent to Canby will be debarked at Vicksburg. It, with the available cavalry already in that section, will move from there eastward, in co-operation. Hood's army has been terribly reduced by the severe punishment you gave it in Tennessee, by desertion consequent upon their defeat, and now by the withdrawal of many of them to oppose Sherman. (I take it a large portion of the infantry has been so withdrawn. It is so asserted in the Richmond papers, and a member of the rebel Congress said a few days since in a speech, that one-half of it had been brought to South Carolina to oppose Sherman.) This being true, or even if it is not true, Canby's movement will attract all the attention of the enemy, and leave the advance from your stand-point easy. I think it advisable, therefore, that you prepare as much of a cavalry force as you can spare, and hold it in readiness to go south. The object would be three-fold: first, to attract as much of the enemy's force as possible to insure success to Canby; second, to destroy the enemy's line of communications and military resources; third, to destroy or capture their forces brought into the field. Tuscaloosa and Selma would probably be the points to direct the expedition against. This, however, would not be so important as the mere fact of penetrating deep into Alabama. Discretion should be left to the officer commanding the expedition to go where, according to the information he may receive, he will best secure the objects named above.

Now that your force has been so much depleted, I do not know what number of men you can put into the field. If not more than 5,000 men, however, all cavalry, I think it will be sufficient. It is not desirable that you should start this expedition until the one leaving Vicksburg has been three or four days out, or even a week. I do not know when it will start, but will inform you by telegraph as soon as I learn. If you should hear through other sources before hearing from me, you can act on the information received.

To insure success, your cavalry should go with as little wagon train as possible, relying upon the country for supplies. I would also reduce the number of guns to a battery, or the number of batteries, and put the extra teams to the guns taken. No guns or caissons should be taken with less than eight horses.

Please inform me by telegraph, on receipt of this, what force you think you will be able to send under these directions.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

Major General G. H. Thomas.

On the 15th, he was directed to start the expedition as soon after the 20th as he could get it off.

I deemed it of the utmost importance, before a general movement of the armies operating against Richmond, that all communications with the city, north of James river, should be cut off. The enemy having withdrawn the bulk of his force from the Shenandoah valley and sent it south, or replaced troops sent from Richmond, and desiring to reinforce Sherman, if practicable, whose cavalry was greatly inferior in numbers to that of the enemy, I determined to make a move from the Shenandoah, which, if successful, would accomplish the first at least, and possibly the latter of these objects. I therefore telegraphed General Sheridan as follows:

CITY POINT, VA., Feb. 20, 1865—1 P. M.

GENERAL: As soon as it is possible to travel, I think you will have no difficulty about reaching Lynchburg with a cavalry force alone. From there you could destroy the railroad and canal in every direction, so as to be of no further use to the rebellion. Sufficient cavalry should be left behind to look after Mosby's gang. From Lynchburg, if information you might get there would justify it, you could strike south, heading the streams in Virginia to the westward of Danville, and push on and join General Sherman. This additional raid, with one now about starting from East Tennessee under Stoneman, numbering four or five thousand cavalry, one from Vicksburg, numbering seven or eight thousand cavalry, one from Eastport, Mississippi, ten thousand cavalry, Canby from Mobile Bay with about thirty-eight thousand mixed troops, these three latter pushing for Tuscaloosa, Selma, and Montgomery, and Sherman with a large army eating out the vitals of South Carolina, is all that will be wanted to leave nothing for the rebellion to stand upon. I would advise you to overcome great obstacles to accomplish this. Charleston was evacuated on Tuesday last.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

Major General P. H. Sheridan.

On the 25th I received a dispatch from General Sheridan, inquiring where Sherman was aiming for, and if I could give him any definite information as to the points he might be expected to move on this side of Charlotte, North Carolina. In answer the following telegraph was sent him:

CITY POINT, VA., Feb. 25, 1865.

GENERAL: Sherman's movements will depend on the amount of opposition he meets with from the enemy. If strongly opposed, he may possibly have to fall back to Georgetown, S. C., and fit out for a new start. I think, however, all danger for the necessity of going to that point has passed. I believe he has passed Charlotte. He may take Fayetteville on his way to Goldsboro. If you reach Lynchburg, you will have to be guided in your after movements by the information you obtain. Before you could possibly reach Sherman, I think you would find him moving from Goldsboro towards Raleigh, or engaging the enemy strongly posted at one or the other of these places, with railroad communications opened from his army to Wilmington or Newbern.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

Major General P. H. Sheridan.

General Sheridan moved from Winchester on the 27th of February, with two divisions of cavalry, numbering about 5,000 men. On the 1st of March he secured the bridge, which the enemy attempted to destroy, across the middle fork of the Shenandoah, at Mount Crawford, and entered Staunton on the 2d, the enemy having retreated to Waynesborough. Thence he pushed on to Waynesborough, where he found the enemy in force in an intrenched position, under Gen. Early. Without stopping to make a reconnoissance, an immediate attack was made, the position was carried, and 1,600 prisoners, 11 pieces of artillery, with horses and caissons complete, 200 wagons and teams loaded with subsistence, and 17 battle flags were captured. The prisoners, under an escort of 1,600 men, were sent back to Winchester. Thence he marched to Charlottesville, destroying effectually the railroad and bridges as he went, which place he entered on the 3d. Here he remained two days, destroying the railroad toward Richmond and Lynchburg, including the large iron bridges over the north and south forks of the Rivanna River, and awaiting the arrivals of his trains. This necessary delay caused him to abandon the idea of capturing Lynchburg. On the morning of the 6th, dividing his forces into two columns, he sent one to Scottsville, whence it marched up the James River Canal to New Market, destroying every lock, and in many places the bank of the canal. From here a force was pushed out from this column to Duiguidsville, to obtain possession of the bridge across the James River at that place, but failed. The enemy burned it on our approach. The enemy also burned the bridge across the river at Hardwicksville. The other column moved down the railroad toward Lynchburg, destroying it as far as Amherst Court House, sixteen miles from Lynchburg; thence across the country, uniting with the column at New Market. The river being very high, his pontoons would not reach across it; and the enemy having destroyed the bridges by which he hoped to cross the river and get on the South Side Railroad about Farmville, and destroy it to Appomattox Court House, the only thing left for him was to return to Winchester or strike a base at the White House. Fortunately, he chose the latter. From New Market he took up his line of march, following the canal towards Richmond, destroying every lock upon it and cutting the banks wherever practicable, to a point eight miles east of Goochland, concentrating the whole force at Columbia on the 10th. Here he rested one day, and sent through by scouts information of his whereabouts and purpose, and a request for supplies to meet him at the White House, which reached me on the night of the 12th. An infantry force was immediately sent to get possession of White House, and supplies were forwarded. Moving from Columbia in a direction to threaten Richmond, to near Ashland Station, he crossed the Annas, and after having destroyed all the bridges and many miles of railroad, proceeded down the north bank of the Pamunky to White House, which place he reached on the 19th.

(To be continued.)

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE STATE

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 24, 1866

THE UNION STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Are requested to meet at SALEM ON THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF FEBRUARY next. Where [illegible] business of [illegible] will come before them. A full attendance is requested. [illegible] MEMBERS

Chairman Union State Central Committee

Salem Ore., Jan. 1st 1866

As to Selling the Mineral Lands.

At the East the notion is very general that the mineral lands of the Pacific coast may be sold for a sum large enough to totally extinguish the national debt. Moved by the idea of attaining this object, members from Eastern States have repeatedly introduced in Congress various bills providing for the levy of a tax on the mines, or for a sale of the mineral lands which are yet in possession of the government. Some time ago it was reported by telegraph that Senator Sherman, of Ohio, had brought forward a bill making provision for the sale of all the public lands in the United States which contain gold and silver mines. The bill has been epitomized, and its main features given as follows:

Section 4 proposes the appointment of at least one geologist in each land district, who shall be a good mineralogist, whose duty it shall be to make a thorough exploration of all the lands in such district, containing or supposed to contain gold and silver, and to make a full report of the same, with the size of the subdivisions necessary and proper to enable such purchaser to work and mine the land properly, and giving full descriptions of the kind and character of such lands, and the mineral found in them, this report to form the basis of valuation of the mineral lands.

Section 5 provides that the Register and Receiver of the land district, in conjunction with the geologist, shall classify said lands with reference to their value respectively, the subdivisions that should be made of them to accommodate those who are actually working or mining them, or those who may thereafter desire to do so, and report to the Surveyor General and the General Land Office, giving the minimum price that shall be fixed on each class of lands, the location and extent of each deposit, and of each settlement or mining operation, with full reasons for each conclusion. If the Surveyor General has any reason to doubt the correctness of such report, he shall state his doubts and the reason for them, to the General Land Office, and to the land offices and geologists, and the decision of the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall be final as to the minimum prices of said lands and the extent of the subdivisions, but in no case shall the minimum price of such lands be less than $50 per acre.

Section 8 authorizes the President of the United States to lay off said mineral regions into suitable coining districts, having regard to the Mints now established by law, and that all gold or silver mined or procured from any of the lands sold under this Act shall be coined at United States Mints, the owners paying 1 per centum for coining gold and 3 per centum for coining silver, and any person who shall remove or attempt to remove any gold or silver out of the coining district in which it was procured, without first having the same coined, shall forfeit said gold or silver—one half of which shall go to the informer and the other half to the United States.

Section 10 sets aside the proceeds of the mineral lands for the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds of the United States, and if Congress shall hereafter authorize the issue of bonds, principal and interest redeemable in gold, any such bonds shall be received in payment for any of these lands. In subsequent sections the bill provides for offering at public sale all lands containing gold and silver; sales to continue open for two weeks. Should full, fair and free competition be prevented at any such public sales by combinations, the titles to all lands purchased by any person engaged in such combinations shall be utterly null and void, whether the patents for such lands shall have been issued or not, and whether the fact of such combinations shall have been discovered before or after the titles shall have been issued for said lands. No person shall be permitted to bid at any such sales, or to purchase any such lands, except citizens of the United States, or those who shall have declared their intention to become such, and any such bid or purchase shall be absolutely null and void.

Nothing could more completely illustrate the profound ignorance of some of our most eminent men upon the subject of mines and mining, than does this bill. An entire misapprehension of the whole subject on the part of the framer of the bill, is apparent throughout the plan he has proposed. The idea that a surveyor or geologist may be able to ascertain the value of a mine from a cursory examination, would never have entered the mind of any one who was at all acquainted with the subject for which this strange legislation is proposed. Senator Sherman is not aware that no geologist nor mineralogist could tell where the veins of gold and silver lie, or whether they would afford a remuneration for the labor of working them. These are matters which can be ascertained only by the actual development of the mines. Surveyors and geologists could not know what lands contain minerals. This information can be come at only by the method which miners employ. Hence the notion that mineral lands can be surveyed, classified according to their value, and sold to those who might wish to work them is about the most visionary scheme that was ever made the subject of legislation. To imagine that any one would purchase these lands on the information thus to be obtained through the Land Office, is to suppose in experienced miners the same ignorance of the business as is seen in those Congressmen who are perpetually meddling with and experimenting on a matter which, it would seem, they might wait to become acquainted with before undertaking to regulate by law. Every person who has the least knowledge of the subject will at once see the futility of the attempt to make the lands which contain the precious metals afford any considerable revenue for the government by such a process.

It is proposed in Senator Sherman's bill to fix the minimum price of these lands at fifty dollars per acre. Now, though a large portion of the vast domain of the United States west of the Rocky Mountains contains silver and gold, a comparatively small part of it holds these metals in such quantities as will repay the labor of mining. Lands lying in the immediate vicinity of the richest mines would sell for nothing at all unless it were previously known that it would pay for working; and this is precisely what cannot be ascertained by the method which this bill proposes. Gentlemen in the East seem to think that as it can be told with tolerable certainty what lands are rich in iron, coal or lead, the same can be ascertained of those which contain or are supposed to contain gold and silver. They argue on what they suppose an analogy, when no analogy exists. Because an acre of land containing gold or silver to the amount of a million, it does not follow therefore, that the acre adjoining is worth anything at all. Men will not purchase lands on the supposition that they contain the precious metals. The government could not obtain fifty dollars or any other sum per acre for any considerable part of the mineral lands.

It has often been remarked that the cost of mining the precious metals is fully equal to their value. Indeed the aggregate of labor that is performed in the mines would not meet with remuneration were all the gold and silver that is produced given in return for it. Hence, as a general rule, miners cannot afford to purchase the privilege of working the mineral lands. If the Government adopts the policy urged by Senator Sherman, the greater part of the lands containing gold and silver will be unbought and untouched; for though some of the most valuable lodges to be discovered would be paid for at high prices, by far the larger portion of the lands would necessarily remain unsold.

It is not very probable that sanguine persons at the East who hope for the extinguishment of the national debt out of the proceeds of the sale of mineral lands will shortly realize their expectations. The product of the mines will [illegible] the wealth of our country and of the world; they will afford a supply of the precious metals to answer the demands of exchange and enable the Government to obtain by taxation the money it needs to carry on its operations; but the mines will yield the Government no considerable revenue in the way that Senator Sherman proposes. To sell the mineral lands is but another way to tax production, and to tax it so heavily as to defeat the object it is intended to secure.

REMINISCENCES OF MR. LINCOLN.—Col. Forney of Philadelphia, in a lecture delivered before the Ladies' Soldiers' Aid Society of Weldon, Pa., gave the following reminiscences of President Lincoln:

Some two years ago a deputation of colored people from Louisiana for the purpose of laying before him a petition asking certain rights, including the right of universal suffrage. The interview took place in the presence of a number of distinguished gentlemen. After reading their memorial he turned to them and said, "I regret, gentlemen, that you are not able to secure all your rights, and that circumstances will not permit the Government to confer them upon you. I wish you would amend your petition so as to include several suggestions which I think will give more effect to your prayer, and after doing so hand it to me." The leading colored man said, "If you will permit me, I will do so here." "Are you then the author of this eloquent production?" asked Mr. Lincoln. "Whether eloquent or not," was the reply, "it is my own work," and the Louisiana negro sat down at the President's side and rapidly and intelligently carried out the suggestions that had been made to him. The Southern gentlemen who were present at this scene did not hesitate to admit that their prejudices had just received another shock.

To show the magnanimity of Mr. Lincoln, I may mention that, on one occasion, when an editorial article appeared in my newspaper, the Washington *Chronicle*, speaking well of the bravery and mistaken sincerity of Stonewall Jackson, the news of whose death had been just received, the President wrote me a letter, warmly thanking me for speaking kindly of a fallen foe. These were his words: "I honor you for your generosity to one who, though contending against us in a guilty cause, was nevertheless a gallant man. Let us forget his sins over his fresh made grave."

Again, I happened to be in the Executive Chamber when a number of Kentuckians insisted that troops should not be sent through that State for the purpose of putting down the rebel spirit in Tennessee. The President was hesitating what to do, and they were pressing immediate action. "I am," he said, "a good deal like the farmer who, returning to his home one winter night, found his two sweet little boys asleep with a hideous serpent crawling over their bodies. He could not strike the serpent without wounding or killing the children, so he calmly waited until it moved away. [Applause.] Now, I do not want to act in a hurry about that matter. I don't want to hurt anybody in Kentucky, but I will get the serpent out of Tennessee." And he did march through Kentucky to the aid of Andrew Johnson's mountaineers.

THE POSITION OF AFFAIRS AT ACAPULCO.—When the *Golden City* stopped at Acapulco, at midnight, December 24th, a French officer boarded her. It being generally understood that sickness and hostilities combined to forbid passengers to go ashore, some one said to the Frenchman, "I suppose we are not allowed to land."

"Oh," said he, extra politely, "there are no restrictions. But it would be well to observe, that if you carry a lantern the Mexican guerrillas on the hills will shoot you. If you can get along without a light, our men will take you for a Mexican sneaking around and pop you over. Gentlemen you are all free to land." Gentlemen excused themselves.

The troops on both sides are Mexicans. The invaders are dying fast with the Acapulco fever, and the French man of war's men are expecting orders to withdraw. The Admiral's flag-ship entered as the *Golden City* left.—*Alta*

GOING TO MONTANA.—The Montana fever rages quite fiercely in Virginia City, Nevada. The *Union* says:

Letters from Montana, received in this city speak most encouragingly of the mines, both quartz and placer. Gentlemen who have lately arrived from Montana say that there is just as good a chance in that region for miners and prospectors as there ever has been, and that the country cannot be fully prospected next season, no matter how many miners may go there. Besides, the rich placer diggings found upon the creeks and gulches, and in the flats, there are an abundance of rich veins of gold bearing quartz. As yet not much has been done with the quartz in the new districts, the first settlers being better satisfied to work the placer mines; which, where they pay at all, yield from an ounce to three ounces per day to the hand.

WAS WASHINGTON A LIEUTENANT GENERAL?—A paragraph has been going the rounds of the papers to the effect that Washington never was a Lieutenant General; he having declined the honor. A correspondent at Vancouver informs us that he finds on page 231 of a book published at Philadelphia in 1818 by Hickey, and containing the Constitution of the United States and other documents, that Washington was nominated as Lieutenant General by President Adams, that the nomination was confirmed by the Senate, and that it was accepted by Washington in July 1798.

GONE TO PARIS.—The *Confederate Democrat* says:

The noble Irish Exile, John Mitchel, has gone to Paris, there to act as correspondent of the New York *News*. France will be more a "land of liberty" to him than was "free America."

So then the complaint is that Mitchel could not engage in rebellion against the United States without being punished. The *Democrat's* idea of liberty is that it gives the right to violate all law with impunity. Let Mitchel do in France what he has done in America, and the gibbet will not for a day be deprived of its proper victim.

THE PAY DEPARTMENT.—The Pay Department reports the whole sum paid to troops since the beginning of the war, viz: from the 1st of July 1861 to the 1st of July 1865, was, $1,029,239,000. During the last year of the war $7,639,225 were paid to regular troops, and $300,738,635 to volunteers. The number of Paymasters now in the service is 210; last year 447 were employed. The cost of disbursements to armies in the field including all losses and expenses, has been less than three-fourths of one per cent.

The report of the Surgeon General of the army shows that of sick and wounded, 1,057,423 cases have been treated in the general hospitals from 1861 to July 1865. Among those the rate of mortality was eight per cent. The records of the Medical Department furnish a mass of valuable information which is being rapidly arranged and tabulated as a medical and surgical history of the war, for the publication of which an appropriation will be asked.

Salt Lake City is beginning to boast of her trade. The *Vedette* says:

To give something of an idea of its swelling proportions, we refer to the amount of sales of one of our large Gentile firms for one year, as $1,000,000. Besides, we have several heavy Mormon firms whose sales would greatly swell the amount. The ten months sales of one firm, exclusively in the [illegible] trade, amounts to $465,000. Salt Lake City is [illegible] to be the commercial centre of a vast region teeming with agricultural and mineral wealth, which capital and labor will at no distant day unite to develop.

Dr. Smithfield and Brockett, says the Shasta *Courier*, while examining the insane man Adams who was sent [illegible] this week, were endeavoring to learn from him by questions the probable cause of his condition. Dr. Brockett inquired: "What are you in the habit of reading?" "The San Francisco [illegible] and the New York *Day Book*," was the prompt reply. He was at once ordered to the Asylum.

A good Dorset [illegible] gentleman who for the first time heard an Episcopal clergyman preach. He had heard much of the aristocracy of the church, and when he returned home, he was asked if the people were "stuck up." "Pshaw! [illegible]" replied he, "why, the minister preached in his shirt sleeves!"

The rebel officer who drove General Franklin and his fifteen thousand men at Sabine, Texas, is now a bar keeper at Houston.

There are now in the University of Virginia 231 students, nearly all of whom were in the rebel army during the war.

From South Carolina.

The following graphic description of the state of affairs attending upon the withdrawal of the white [illegible] colored soldiers from the same State of South Carolina will, we think, dispel from the minds of the people any favorable opinions they may have formed of the loyalty of the citizens of that State to the United States Government. Facts are stubborn things, and the truth is that the laws of the United States are of no force or effect in South Carolina unless backed by the military arm of the Government. Sooner or later it will be learned that so long as the present generation of murderers, assassins and thieves exist in that [illegible] States, just so long will the Government find it necessary to enforce its laws by military force. The only way to "reconstruct" South Carolina rebels is to set them to pulling hemp. The following are but a few of the innumerable outrages practiced by the South Carolina chivalry upon United States soldiers, as detailed in the correspondence of the New York *Tribune*:

"I shall show you, by facts gleaned from the records of the military authorities, that the most horrible outrages are daily perpetrated upon the helpless blacks, together with [illegible] and murders of United States soldiers and the [illegible] loyal citizens of South Carolina, who have not [illegible] that the South is not victorious. I [illegible] a few of the instances first referred to with the assurance that these cases are a matter of record, taken only from a very small portion of the State, and where it is claimed a [illegible] Union sentiment prevailed.

General Devens thinks thirty days' imprisonment a full equivalent for an attempt to kill a freedman, and yet he has approved the judgment and sentence for eighteen months of [illegible] of the poor white trash' who stole a cow to keep life in his wife and children, now literally starving to death. Wm. Jolliceat and Daniel Jolliceat, citizens of Lexington District, are held for the murder of a man unknown. The dead [illegible] was black and clothed in the United States uniform.

Three dead men were found the other day within a short distance of Columbia side by side, clothed with the United States uniform. They were black and that is all the authorities know of them or the cause of their murder.

On the night of Sunday, October 8th, Corporal Wm. C. Corbett and privates Elmer Smith and Mason Brown, of Company A, First Battalion Maine Volunteers, Lieut. C. F. Brown, commanding, while protecting and guarding some government property, at Brown's Ferry, Anderson district, were brutally murdered and their bodies horribly mutilated, thrown into the river. Not less than a dozen of the citizens of that district were engaged in this murder, but as yet only four of the parties suspected, viz: J. C. Keys, Robert Keys, F. G. Stowers and Elisha Ly[illegible] have been apprehended and held in custody. Other persons known to be implicated are secreted in the district, but no favorably disposed persons, white or black, dare give the military authorities such information as will lead to their arrest. The Sheriff and others in civil authority absolutely refuse even for the slightest assistance. Two or three parties are held as witnesses, and from them alone can we gather the partial and timid relation of facts in regard to this fearful murder, and even they dare not tell the truth, admitting, as they do, that their lives would not be safe were they to do so. Numerous anonymous letters have been sent to them for the purpose of intimidation, and no one conversant with the facts doubts but that these threats will accomplish their purpose.

"Don't kill me," exclaimed Corbett, after his comrades had been murdered and he overpowered, "I am only obeying orders."

"You God d—d Yankee s—n of b—s, we have come to kill you all, and mean to do it; we are going to throw you into the river," yelled the fiendish assassins, as they took his life and fully carried out their threats.

Anonymous letters are being received by the military authorities to the effect that if the parties held are not released, the troops will not be permitted to remain in the State, and the whole community sustains this view of the case.

When these murdered soldiers were taken to their graves at Andersonville Court house, it was with the utmost difficulty that a clergyman could be found who was willing to officiate. Only Col. Orr (Governor elect) and his lady, of all the "loyal citizens" at that place, were present at the grave.

The parties engaged in this brutal murder are to be sent to Charleston in irons, and stand their trial before a Military Commission.

Only a few days before the horrible occurrence I have just related, a dead black man was found upon the public square at this same Anderson Court house, in the early morning, with a placard upon his breast conveying this suggestive notice: "This is a warning to all damn niggahs in this vicinity." The notice also gave the names of two other freedmen who were to be similarly treated.

A few days previous to this last episode of Southern civilization a dead black boy was found upon the streets. He had been whipped to death.

Gov. Orr is my authority for stating that notwithstanding his earnest efforts to detect the murderers, not the slightest clue has been discovered which could lead to their identification.

The record for Anderson is not yet complete. Less than two months have passed since a United States officer with the rank of Captain, whose name I cannot just now ascertain, had been called out at night to repress an incipient riot among "loyal" whisky-loving citizens. Having accomplished his mission by restoring peace, he started to return to his quarters. The next morning his dead body was found upon the streets. No clue has ever been found to the perpetrators of this murder—and none ever will be so long as an entire community can rejoice at the death of a "Yankee." The horrible deeds which are enacted in this State are almost enough to make one question the wisdom of Providence in terminating the war until their own boastful threat of extermination had been fully realized.

In Union District, the military authorities sought to arrest certain white citizens for committing depredations upon private property, and received information of their places of concealment from one or more negroes. Upon last Saturday, a freedman came to Col. Houghton, Twenty fifth Ohio, commandant at Chester, himself nearly dead from the effects of a terrific whipping—his entire back being one mass of raw flesh, the most horrible sight the eye ever witnessed. His shirt had to be soaked before it could be removed from his body. Listen to this tale: "They took me to the woods and said that I knew who had informed on them to the Yankees. I said, 'No, sir, massa,' but they whipped me until I was almost dead. They shot Bill through the head and cut Jack's throat from ear to ear, because they had been in the army and must have told on them." The names of the alleged murderers are in the possession of the military authorities at Chester, but their apprehension is more than doubtful."

The fifth volume of Carlyle's history of the great Frederick has appeared and its successor will close the series. The style is closely marked by a mannerism long become chronic and is striking abrupt and often obscure. Every page shows how heartily the author worships power, with slight regard to the manner in which it is employed. His long study of such characters as Cromwell, Napoleon and Frederick has made him remorselessly indifferent to the fate of the masses; they are but the grist to be ground between the mighty millstones whose revolutions he admires. This volume leads to the close of the fourth campaign, when Frederick, depressed but dauntless, writes to the Marquis D'Argens that he is doomed to find his purgatory in this world. The volume gives a striking portrait of the monarch, in which he looks like a wild boar at bay.

A medical student under examination was asked the different effects of heat and cold. He replied: "Heat expands and cold contracts." "Quite right; can you give me an example?" "Yes, sir; in summer, which is hot, the days are longer; but in winter, which is cold, the days are shorter."

The Portland Maine *Times* says: "The business of smuggling clothes on the [illegible] over the Canada border has been carried on very extensively and with much profit. A first class coat that would cost $55 here, can be bought in Montreal for $30 and a common one at $8, for which our tailors would charge $100."

O. [illegible] A. D. S. [illegible] Bros. [illegible] [illegible]

J. R. CARDWELL,

DENTIST.

REFERENCES [illegible] PATRONS

OFFICE—89 Front street, Portland, Or. [illegible] CARDWELL'S GALLERY & MUSEUM [illegible] Bachtel & Cardwell [illegible]

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY!

I. W. JOHNSTON & CO.

Pioneer Artists of Columbia

No. 107 Front street, opposite the Post Office, Portland, Oregon.

PICTURES MADE IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART from the smallest Miniature to Life Size.

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed [illegible]

Supposing by son and equaled by but few,

This is our motto and our work will prove it true.

Portland, Oct. 19th 1865. dtf

NEW TO-DAY.

Notice.

THE SCHOLARS IN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 1 [illegible] will please meet at [illegible] the new school on Wednesday [illegible] at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of [illegible] the commencement of [illegible] are requested to bring at [illegible] the directors live [illegible] By order of the Board of Directors

[illegible] L. M. PARRISH, School Clerk

WILLAMETTE STEAM NAV. CO.'S

STEAMER

ALERT,

JAMES STRANG, Master,

Will leave Portland

ON THURSDAY, JANUARY 25, 1866,

at 7 o'clock A. M.,

FOR OREGON CITY,

connecting with the

STEAMER ACTIVE, CAPT. J. F. APPLESON

For SALEM, ALBANY and CORVALLIS

Portland, January 23, 1866

dtf D. W. BURNSIDE, Presd't W. S. N. Co.

Raffle Notice!

WILL BE RAFFLED FOR

AT THE

ORO FINO SALOON

ON

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3D, 1866,

THE FAST TROTTING STALLION

LIVE OAK GEORGE!

TICKETS $5 EACH,

WHOLE NUMBER OF TICKETS 200.

Those having Ten Dollar Tickets can get them exchanged for the $5 ones by calling at the

ja24 dtd ORO FINO

TEMPERANCE RESTAURANT!

No. 151 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING FITTED UP GOOD and Pleasant accommodations, would inform his friends and the public in general that he is now prepared to receive them, as his table will always be supplied with the luxuries of the Market.

Board and Lodging by the day and week.

ja22 1m J. M. BALDWIN

Coal Oil!

2,000 GALLONS OF COAL OIL!

AT

SAN FRANCISCO PRICE & FREIGHT,

AT

R. G. SNEATH'S,

25 FRONT STREET, PORTLAND

jan21 d1m

Fresh Oysters!

SERVED AT ALL HOURS

AT THE

FULTON HOUSE!

ON THE

McADAMIZED ROAD, THREE MILES SOUTH OF PORTLAND

ja20 dtf

Removal.

A. M. SHARKEY,

House Sign and Steamboat Painter,

AND PAPER-HANGER AND GLAZIER,

HAS REMOVED HIS SHOP TO NO. 149 FRONT Street, one door south of Taylor Street

Portland Jan 16 1866. d1m

Copartnership Notice.

M. F. DITTENHOFFER HAS THIS DAY BEEN admitted as a partner in the firm of Wasserman & Co.

January 9, 1866 WASSERMAN & CO.

All persons indebted to the late firm of Wasserman & Co. are requested to make immediate payment.

ja10d1m WASSERMAN & CO.

Milwaukie Ferry.

THE STEAM FERRY BOAT OF THE PORTLAND MACADAMIZED ROAD COMPANY, at Milwaukie, has this day been withdrawn for repairs, and the ferry closed until further notice.

By order of the Board of Directors

W. S. CALDWELL, Sec'y

January 18 1866 dtf

Lost.

A BROWN FUR COLLAR, ON D STREET, between 5th and 6th streets. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving the same at the

ja20d3t OREGONIAN OFFICE.

W. A. ALDRICH J. C. MERRILL JOHN M'CRAKEN

M'CRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.,

SHIPPING, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANTS,

AGENTS OF THE CALIFORNIA, HAWAIIAN and OREGON PACKET LINES

Importers of SAN QUENTIN and CARMEN ISLAND SALT, SANDWICH ISLAND SUGARS, COFFEE, RICE, and PULU

Agents for Provost's & Co's Preserved Fruits, Vegetables, Pickles and Vinegar

Dealers in FLOUR, GRAIN, BACON, LARD & FRUIT, LIME, CEMENT and PLASTER

Will attend to the Purchase, Sale or Shipment of Merchandise or Produce in New York, San Francisco, Honolulu or Portland.

ALDRICH, MERRILL & CO.,

Nos. 204 and 206 California Street,

San Francisco.

McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.,

jal9dtf 16 North Front Street, Portland.

L. T. SCHULTZ,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Pianos, Melodeons,

SHEET MUSIC, MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

STRINGS, STATIONERY AND

FANCY GOODS,

No. 106 Front St., (2d door north of the Postoffice)

PORTLAND, OREGON.

AGENT FOR ERNST & GABLER'S CELEBRATED PIANOS, which are of the greatest popularity over all the Celebrated Pianos in the East in sweetness, power, fullness and roundness of the middle, the great force of the bass and the wonderful clearness of the highest notes joined with an unequalled elastic touch.

L. T. Schultz will have always an assortment of these Instruments on hand, and invite all persons to call and examine their superior qualities before purchasing elsewhere.

Pianos and all other Musical Instruments Tuned and Repaired at the shortest notice. d27 d2ptf

FIRST STEAM BAKERY!

IN OREGON!

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS TO APPLY Steam to our Cracker Machinery, we will sell a Superior Article of all kinds of Crackers at San Francisco Prices.

NEW YORK BAKERY,

R. PITTOCK'S Old Stand,

ja9d1 No. 9 North Front street, Portland

Builders take Notice.

STARKS' MADE WINDOW - SASH, DOORS AND BLINDS,

OF ALL SIZES AND OF THE BEST QUALITY, constantly on hand and for sale low by

EVERDING & BEEBE,

150 Front Street

Portland Oct. 13th 1865 dlm is

400 Sacks Very Fine

Fresh Oysters!

400 SACKS VERY FINE

FRESH OYSTERS!

Just arrived at THE GEM.

ja9 1f C. A. BURCHARDT

Quartz Mills!

WE HAVE SET UP A QUARTZ MILL WITH GRINDER and AMALGAMATOR, at the

OREGON IRON WORKS,

And are prepared to do Custom Work for all who wish to have GOLD & SILVER BEARING ROCK tested.

A. C. GIBBS & CO.

Portland, June 23, 1865 2ptf

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THE STEAMERS

"NEW WORLD,"

—OR—

"CASCADE,"

CAPT. JOHN WOLFE, Commander

Will leave PORTLAND daily (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock A. M. for the CASCADES and DALLES.

THE STEAMER

"TENINO,"

CAPT. E. F. COE COMMANDER

Will leave CELILO on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS for UMATILLA

Connecting with the steamer

'64 "SPRAY," '64

TO WALLULA

CAPT. L. C. FELTON COMMANDER

The PASSENGER TRAIN connects with Steamers for Umatilla and Wallula will leave Dalles on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 A. M.

Portland Nov. 13th 1865 S. G. REED,

dtf Presid't O. S. N. Co.

FEED, FEED.

BRAN,

SHORTS,

GRAIN

AND

FEED

OF ALL KINDS, FOR SALE BY

R. H. LAW,

No. 25 Front Street, opposite O. S. N. Co.'s Warehouse,

Portland dec20d3t&2p

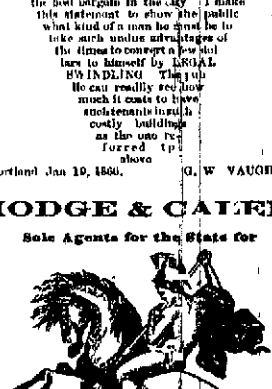
THAT OLD GREENBACK CASE!

I
am
still
obliged
to accept
of Legal
Tender Notes
at Par (and have
been since Dec. 17,
1862, for the rent of
my Handsome Brick
Store, corner of Morrison
and Front streets, I feel
compelled to announce for
the benefit of the public, that
JACOB MAYER
Leased the building of me Feb. 17,
1862 for a term of years, at which
time there was no such currency in
vogue and it was understood the terms
were Cash. Since the date above stated, I
have received the depreciated currency regu
larly for the rent of the
CITY OF PARIS STORE!
making less than two fifths of the real amount
said Mayer was to pay. He had secured the
building at very advantageous rates, and
even were he now to comply with his con-
tract, and pay in Coin, would be getting
the best bargain in the city. I make
this statement to show the public
what kind of a man he must be to
take such undue advantages of
the times to convert a few dol
lars to himself by LEGAL
SWINDLING. The pub
lic can readily see how
much it costs to have
such tenants in such
costly buildings
as the one re-
ferred to
above.

Portland Jan 10, 1866. G. W. VAUGHN

HODGE & CALEF,

Sole Agents for the State for



HOSTETTER'S

CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

A Preparation uniting

Pure Old Essence of Rye,

With all the recognized Tonic, Laxative and Anti-Bilious

Remedies of Art and Nature.

PROTECTIVE PROPERTIES.

Prevents Fever and Ague and Bilious Remittent Fever, Invigorates the Organs of Digestion and the Bowels—Steadies the Nerves and tends to Prolong Life.

Remedial Properties.

Cures Dyspepsia—Liver Complaint—General Debility, Depression of Spirits—Constipation—Intermittent Fevers and all complaints arising from bodily weakness. As an

APPETIZER, TONIC, FEVER & AGUE PREVENTIVE

And all Bilious Disorders,

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

Stands pre-eminent as the

Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age,

and as an

Alterative and Blood Purifier

They are prescribed and recommended by all Physicians wherever they have been introduced.

The extraordinary and increasing demand for these BITTERS is unparalleled

In the History of Medicine,

And can be had everywhere throughout the civilized world where newspapers are circulated or read.

Almanacs or Pamphlets,

With testimony of their success from the Farmer and the Sailor—from the Merchant and the Physician, and from the Legislative Halls of

Our United Country

may be obtained FREE of all Dealers everywhere.

HODGE & CALEF,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE STATE,

97 Front street, Portland.

PORTLAND, July 14th, 1865.

Messrs. HODGE & CALEF

Gentlemen:—In answer to your letter of even date, referring to the License Law affecting "HOSTETTER'S BITTERS," I have to say that no License is required, coming, as they do under the head of Proprietary Preparations. This decision is announced by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue at Washington.

THOS. FRAZAR

U. S. Assessor Internal Revenue,

v15d2pstatim Portland Oregon.

PREMIUM BILLIARD TABLE!

JACOB STRAHLE HEREBY INFORMS THE PUBLIC OF PORTLAND THAT HIS

CELEBRATED CAROM TABLE

WHICH TOOK THE FIRST PRIZE

AT THE LATE STATE FAIR OF CALIFORNIA

Is now on Exhibition at the CAPITAL SALOON, Front Street, F. C. HORNUNG, Agent

Portland Dec. 16 1865 dtf

New York Bakery!

CRACKERS!

OF ALL KINDS CAN BE HAD ON REASONABLE TERMS TO THE TRADE at the

NEW YORK BAKERY,

No. 9 N. Front Street

dec30dtf F. C. HORNUNG

To Rent.

THE LOWER PART OF A NEW AND NEWLY Furnished House on Washington street, convenient to business, suitable for a small Family and keep Day Boarders. The Family occupying at present, business calls out of town. Will rent very reasonable. For further enquiry apply at PARRISH & HOLMAN'S

ja17 1w No. 80 Fine Brick Block, Front St.

CIRCULAR SAWS,

AND MANDRELS FOR CIRCULAR SAWS,

For sale by H. W. CORBETT

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

KILBOURN & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS,

No. 95 Front Street,

WILL ATTEND TO THE SELLING AT AUCTION

Merchandise, Real Estate, Furniture, Stocks, &c., &c.

Regular Sale Days—Tuesdays & Fridays.

OUT DOOR AND SPECIAL SALES attended to in any part of the City.

LIBERAL CASH ADVANCES made on CONSIGNMENTS

OSCAR KILBOURN, J. F. GUMBINNER,

aug21 Portland San Francisco

R. G. SNEATH,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

25 Front Street,

(Opposite O. S. N. Co.'s Wharf,)

PORTLAND OREGON.

Goods by the Package

FOR CASH AT

San Francisco Prices and Freight.

Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired.

Portland, March 23, 1865 dtf

OREGON

IRON WORKS!

A. C. GIBBS ..... E. S. MORGAN ..... H. BLOOMFIELD

A. C. GIBBS & CO.,

Manufacturers of

STEAM ENGINES,

BOILERS,

AND ALL KINDS OF MILLS!

HOISTING MACHINES,

HORSE POWERS,

REAPERS and MOWERS,

QUARTZ MILLS,

AMALGAMATING PANS,

And SEPARATORS of the most approved kind;

COOKING RANGES,

PUMPS, etc., etc.

PATTERN MAKING, in all its forms, connected with this Establishment.

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR MILLS and ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY furnished to order, by an EXPERIENCED DRAUGHTSMAN.

Portland, Dec. 1, 1864 A. C. GIBBS & CO

H. BLOOMFIELD, Foreman dtf

J. M. FOX,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

WINES & LIQUORS!

37 FRONT ST., PORTLAND, 37

(Opposite the O. S. N. Co.'s Wharf.)

Offers for sale

Fine French Brandies;

Standard Brands American Whiskies.

Scotch and Irish Whiskies,

Holland Gin,

Fine Old Tom,

Jamaica Rum,

PORT, SHERRY and CLARET WINES,

Also, a full assortment of

Case Liquors,

Which are offered to the trade on reasonable terms.

J. M. FOX.

June 9, 1865. dtf2p

E. W. TRACY & CO.,

(*SUCCESSORS TO TRACY & KING.*)

ASSAYERS,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Highest Price Paid for

GOLD DUST, LEGAL TENDER, &C.

Mining Stocks Bought and Sold.

OFFICE—56 Front street, 1st door below A. Ayres's.

ap11dtf

A. G. BRADFORD,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER IN

PURE WINES AND LIQUORS,

39 Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

aug18 d2ptf

HAYWARD, COLEMAN & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO

CRANDALL & TOWLE,

Importers of

LAMPS, OILS, LAMP STOCK

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c., &c.,

No. 92 Front St., Portland.

and 414 Front street, San Francisco. no25 dtf

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

PHILADELPHIA

Boot and Shoe Store

A NEW AND SELECT STOCK OF

LADIES', GENTS', MISSES', BOYS'

And Children's Wear,

N. B.—The Public in general are invited to give us a call.

BUTLER & KAST,

aug18tf 112 Front St.; 2 doors from the Post Office

E. MARTIN & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Foreign and Domestic

Wines and Liquors!

NO. 105 FRONT STREET, UP STAIRS,

PORTLAND, OREGON,

NOS. 604 AND 606 FRONT STREET, SAN FRANCISCO

N. B.—Orders promptly filled in San Francisco if desired. oc31lf d&w

H. GUIDO CROB,

Graduate of Planel's Conservatorie of Music, San Francisco,

AND LATE PIANIST AT MAGUIRE'S THEATRES for the past three years takes pleasure in announcing to the public of Portland, and vicinity, that he has secured the LARGE AND COMMODIOUS HALL above K. G. Randall's Music Store on First street, corner of Alder, where he will receive pupils for tuition on the PIANO, VIOLIN, ORGAN and HARMONY by the thorough system practiced in the above Celebrated Academy.

Orders for the MECHANIC'S BRASS & STRING BAND left here. ja18d1m2p

R. HENDRIE,

Importer and Wholesale Dealer in

FINE WINES!

BRANDIES AND LIQUORS,

51 Front Street,

m17 PORTLAND OREGON dtf

J. M'HENRY,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE,

LAMPS, PLATED WARE, &C,

NO. 94 FRONT STREET,

fib9 PORTLAND OREGON dtf

Marine Insurance!

THE PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN FRANCISCO

IS PREPARED TO INSURE AGAINST ALL MARINE and INLAND NAVIGATION RISKS on Treasure, Cargo or Freight

sept5d2jl1f LADD & TILTON, Agents

AUCTION HOUSE.

A. B. RICHARDSON,

AUCTIONEER,

Corner of Front and Oak Streets.

AUCTION SALES

OF REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, GENERAL MERCHANDISE AND HORSES

Sale Days—Wednesday and Saturday.

aug26 A. B. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer.

At Private Sale.

ENGLISH REFINED BAR and BUNDLE IRON; do SQUARE & OCTAGON CAST STEEL; HORSE SHOES, FILES, RASPS, SAWS, SCREWS, PAN PANS, SHEET IRON, R. G. IRON,

ALSO:

Large assortment of GROCERIES, &c.

A. B. RICHARDSON, Auct.

LARGE AND PEREMPTORY SALE

OF

GROCERIES,

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

&C.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 24, 1866,

at 10 o'clock A. M.,

100 bxs YELLOW SOAP;

500 boxes C. O. SOAP;

50 bxs CASTILE SOAP;

ALSO:

50 mats CHINA RICE;

40 bags PATNA do

ALSO:

78 cases H. & B. Oysters,

40 cases PICKLES do

25 cases K. & R. [illegible]

ALSO:

100 kits MACKEREL;

5 casks CODFISH;

ALSO:

FURNITURE,

A. B. RICHARDSON, [illegible]

SPECIAL [illegible]

OF

FURNITURE

ON MONDAY, JANUARY 29TH

at 10 o'clock A. M.,

I WILL SELL ON THE PREMISES AT

J. O. VAN BERGEN, [illegible]

On Seventh Street, between Oak and [illegible]

Parlor Furniture

consisting of

1 FINE MAHOGANY SOFA;

1 " " EASY CHAIR;

6 " " PARLOR [illegible]

1 " " CENTER [illegible]

40 yds VELVET CARPET;

ALSO.

FINE MAHOGANY BEDSTEADS;

" " BUREAUS;

" " WASHSTANDS;

HAIR AND SPRING MATTRESSES;

ALSO:

OAK ARM CHAIRS,

BRUSSELS AND 3-PLY CARPETS,

CUT GLASS TUMBLERS AND DECANTERS,

DINING TABLE AND CROCKERY,

KITCHEN FURNITURE, &c.

A. B. RICHARDSON, [illegible]

AUCTION SALE

OF THE

CELEBRATED TROTTING STALLION

EMIGRANT

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY [illegible]

I WILL SELL AT MY AUCTION [illegible]

The Celebrated Trotting Stallion Emigrant.

EMIGRANT IS A BEAUTIFUL Sorrel, 6 years old, stands 16½ weighs 1,112 pounds and is without [illegible] STYLISH STALLION ON THIS COAST, great power of endurance, symmetry of [illegible] chiefly the BEST STOCK HORSE on the [illegible] performances at the State Fair in the past [illegible] so well known as to require no [illegible]

EMIGRANT was sired by Billy McCracken, McCraken's Black Hawk, he by Old Black Hawk. His dam was Daniel Vincent's [illegible] Conkwright's Messenger.

EMIGRANT is perfectly sound, [illegible] The attention of stock raisers is [illegible] to this sale. TERMS CASH.

A. B. RICHARDSON, [illegible]

TOBACCO! [illegible]

WEIL & CO.

No. 226 Front Street, San Francisco

SOLE IMPORTERS

Of the following brands of ½-pounds [illegible] best Virginia Tobacco [illegible]

PEACH OFFERING

PEARL do

GOLDEN CHARM

IMPERIAL

CAMELIA

besides

LIGHT PRESSED NATURAL

Of every description. Also, by every [illegible] of

GENUINE HAVANA C[illegible]

In Bond or Duty Paid

WEIL [illegible]

mh20d1y2p 226 Front St., [illegible]

WINES! WINES!

H. SAXER,

IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE [illegible]

MOST CELEBRATED [illegible]

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC [illegible]

APPLY AT THE [illegible]

CALIFORNIA WINE [illegible]

NO. 89 FIRST STREET

A LARGE STOCK OF ALL [illegible]

CALIFORNIA WINES,

RHINE WINES,

FRENCH [illegible]

Dealers and Consumers will do well to [illegible] price this Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Portland, January 4, 1866. [illegible]

The Highest Cash Price [illegible]

WOOL, HIDES, BEAVER,

AND OTHER FURS

KOSHLAND [illegible]

NO. 137 FRONT STREET,

Constantly on hand a full [illegible]

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, at [illegible]

ja5dtf KOSHLAND [illegible]

H. MENDHEIM & CO.

SAN FRANCISCO,

Empfehlen den Bewohnern Oregon's ihre wohl [illegible]

DEUTSCHE BUCHHANDLUNG

UND NEHMEN DIESELBEN, AUF ALLE IN [illegible] und in den Staaten erscheinenden [illegible] Bestellungen an.

Orders bis zum 1st Februar auf *Leipziger Zeitung* [illegible] *Gartenlaube, Fliegende Blätter, Über Land und Meer,* [illegible] *und Berliner* [illegible] *Kammer sofort werden* [illegible]

HAPPINESS OR MISERY!

THAT IS THE QUESTION.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "PACIFIC MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE," have regardless of expense, to issue FREE for the benefit of [illegible] four of their most interesting and instructive LECTURES, on MARRIAGE, and its [illegible] Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or [illegible] and Vital Power, the great Social Evil, and those maladies that result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded FREE on receipt of Twenty five cents in postage, by addressing "Secretary Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, at the Eureka Theater, Montgomery street, San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. [illegible]

mh18d&w1y2p

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

Money Market.

San Francisco Legal Tender rates 70
New York Gold Quotations

NEWS FROM [illegible] **MINES.**—[illegible] on the mountain [illegible] as was expected, and the [illegible] in the river channel [illegible] which will pay from [illegible] a day. The cold weather has [illegible] work on claims which were being opened, [illegible] operations [illegible] the interruption until [illegible] to advantage [illegible] until March. At the Middle Fork Diggings everything [illegible] the miners have [illegible] in their cabins. The same [illegible] at Olive Creek [illegible] where a considerable portion of miners who have worked there during the summer are wintering. A resident at Olive Creek, named Julius Cranor, froze his feet and ears so badly, about two weeks ago, that it is feared he will lose them. At Canyon City new diggings have been found in the hills across Canyon Creek from town, in little which have been run in to small channel. This deposit is proving so extensive that the diggings [illegible] first discovery of the diggings on Canyon Creek. The Expressman [illegible] died, who froze his feet on his trip from Camp [illegible] Camp Watson, recently is dead. His condition was such that amputation of both legs, between the ankles and knees, was necessary in order to save his life. He refused to submit to the operation, with a full knowledge of the consequences. Mr Lewis Henderson, a resident of the settlement on Fifteen Mile Creek, in Wasco county, had his feet severely frozen in crossing the mountain [illegible] of Camp Watson. A gentleman who accompanied him also suffered considerably from frozen feet, and we [illegible] of many persons, additional to those who were injured to a greater or less extent. The method of claiming and laying off the interests in the quicksilver lode is of considerable public interest. It is seen that the claimants take three hundred lineal feet apiece, extending the entire width of the lode. About five and a half miles of it have been traced, and claimed.

MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.—Yesterday morning a large placard, with flaming letters, **$10,000 Reward! Stop Them!** appeared suspended from the show window of C N. Humiston's Broker Office, No 5, Washington street. The first impression of every one who happened to pass along the street, was that a bank had been robbed—that some immense crime had been committed, and people all stopped to read. Ten thousand dollars was a good thing, and the lucky chap who could succeed in stopping "them" would no longer be obliged to delve beneath the surface of mother earth for hidden treasure; he would be placed above want could he but gain that reward. Thus musing was it any wonder that one hundred persons stopped there at one time to read the particulars, which were rather lengthy? The first line of the bill should have been read first, it was as follows: "Remember! this great story can only be found in the columns of the New York Weekly, now ready, and for sale everywhere," and it served to convince those who had paused to read that there was no likelihood of their gaining the coveted prize. The truth was now established. Barrett's Book and Periodical Depot was next door, and his clerk had so far trespassed upon the premises of Mr Humiston as to post his bill under the window mentioned, and gave the matter a two-fold significance. Those who were sold felt annoyed at the practicability of the sell. But after all the card was [illegible] to a good account in one respect. Treasurer Forry has his office in the immediate vicinity, and of the [illegible] abundance of city taxes now due, but a small [illegible] have been paid. Observing that not a few of [illegible] who read the sensation advertisement, and [illegible] in crowds about the window, were tax payers, [illegible] had a plan to call their attention to the fact that [illegible] taxes were paid forthwith—that is to say, within a [illegible] he should be under the necessity of refunding [illegible] frequent Street assessments for the [illegible] Washington street, which were due and [illegible] who lost [illegible] to notice and the result of [illegible] matter seemed to be that the people on whom [illegible] was most appropriately adjusted, took the hint, [illegible] walked in and squared their accounts. There is [illegible] like business in a dull time.

[illegible] **BY HIS FRIENDS.**—The examination of Henry [illegible] yesterday, disclosed the fact that he had been [illegible] by John Collins to "take care of the bar [illegible] at the California Restaurant, on Sunday night [illegible] the time of his service a rebellion broke out [illegible] by some means, which, in his estimation, entitled him to "walk in" and suppress, as he [illegible] in duty bound to see the property of his employer [illegible]. It was shown that Henry did more than this, [illegible] he crushed things generally on his own account. In [illegible] sentence, after conviction, the Judge [illegible] he did not [illegible] Henry for squelching the rebellion, [illegible] as he had been employed by John Collins, and [illegible] his duty to preserve order, but as he had broken [illegible] was drunk himself, and acted disorderly, he [illegible] obliged to fine him for violation of city Ordinance. [illegible] a bar-keeper he would not be justified in [illegible] a disturbance any more than an outsider. Besides it was on Sunday night, and the house should have [illegible]. Not having done what was right, a fine of [illegible] costs was [illegible]. At this Henry remarked that [illegible] no money, and at the same time he felt that he [illegible] done nothing wrong. He did not wish to kill anybody, and thought there had been no use in "going [illegible] to the Recorder's Court, after a little nonsense [illegible] been going on," and rebuked those of the audience [illegible] were with [illegible] in the transaction for making so [illegible] about it. He felt decidedly injured, and then, [illegible] standing his appeals, was ordered to go to jail in [illegible] of payment of the fine imposed, which seemed [illegible] hard—from the fact that one opinion of the matter, [illegible] summed up, was this: That he had been employed as a sort of bully for John Collins, who has become much demoralized of late, since he was detected in [illegible] liquor to the Indians, and after he got into a [illegible] on account of Collins, his employer had not manifested [illegible] about him to keep defendant from going to [illegible]. The most of the matter was rendered in broken [illegible], but the points we are able to gain are as stated [illegible] above reported, and defendant finds himself [illegible] by his friends.

[illegible] **OF RAIN.**—By this we do not wish to intimate that [illegible] any check or restraint to the drops of moisture [illegible], that it was silent, or motionless, but that rain [illegible] to visit us as ever, and continued to [illegible] That the pure drops of Heaven should have a preference for the honor of alighting upon the soil of Oregon, [illegible] not to be the least doubt whatever, since its [illegible] has been so strongly toward the central [illegible] but there are questions of seriousness likely to rise [illegible] the [illegible]. Those who have become [illegible] in the science of gravitation will no doubt protest [illegible] that the exact weight of the earth, when [illegible] with the exact weight of water, will prove at [illegible] being floated away, but they can in no wise [illegible] those people who firmly believe that our streets [illegible] soon unless this extravagant waste of water [illegible]. No particular damage has as yet been done [illegible], but we are sorry for many about us who [illegible] and stock exposed. There is yet several [illegible] of snow to melt away, which must accompany the [illegible].

[illegible] **OF THE RESCUE.**—The steamer *Rescue*, Captain [illegible], after an absence of a week reached her dock in [illegible] at 8½ o'clock last evening. The *Rescue* left [illegible] on the morning of Monday January 15th, reaching [illegible] at 1 o'clock P M. of that day. The following day ice was running heavily in the Cowlitz river, [illegible] reaching the Cowlitz river, on her return trip, [illegible] shelter in that stream and tied up to the bank [illegible] Monday the ice in the Cowlitz broke away, and at 3½ [illegible] the steamer was turned for Monticello, where she [illegible] and lay until yesterday morning, then left as [illegible] for Portland. Nothing of general interest transpired [illegible] the trip. She leaves this morning for Monticello [illegible] her regular trip.

THE RIVER.—The river continued to rise at this place [illegible] day, but not so fast as on Saturday and Sunday. [illegible] is now over the lower deck of the O S N Company's [illegible], and steamers landing at the Lincoln House wharf [illegible] hereafter be necessitated to use the upper deck. The [illegible] line was down between this place and Oregon City, but Mr Strong who is at the latter place sends a [illegible] to Savier & Co, which says the river was still [illegible] at Salem, and it was raining hard, with a bad prospect. Also, from Albany a gives states the same condition of things.

FAVORS.—We have received from Barrett a pamphlet copy of Gen. Grant's Report. This edition is beautifully printed, and of convenient size and form, and withal, very cheap. From the same source we have a copy of a music book, entitled "Musical Leaves for Sabbath Schools." Also a copy each of Frank Leslie's Illustrated Almanac, and of "Frank Leslie's Ladies' Almanac." Both these last named publications are highly useful, as well as extremely beautiful.

SNOW SLIDES.—Those houses with peaked roofs were [illegible] day giving down freely of snow, and pity be to the [illegible] head that happened to be in the way of the slide. [illegible] of numerous hair-breadth escapes but no [illegible] other than the overloading with snow, of a sleigh [illegible] on one of the wharves beneath the eaves of a [illegible] roof. It was buried out of sight, and the horses [illegible] run away.

PUBLIC SCHOOL.—The directors of the Public School give notice that to-day all scholars of the city are required to report at the School House on Sixth street between Morrison and Yamhill, for the purpose of giving in their names, and the street upon which they reside. In order that the school may be properly divided. It is hoped that [illegible] will heartily co-operate with the directors in this matter. The meeting appointed for to-day is to be opened at 10 o'clock a m.

SUNDAY LECTURE.—The second lecture of the course [illegible] delivered last evening by Ralph Scott. His subject [illegible] The Love of Truth, was treated in such a manner that while it was instructive to the audience as a whole, could not fail to profit the young, for whom it was specially [illegible].

THE CONCERT THIS EVENING.—The second grand concert of the 14th Infantry Band will be given this evening at [illegible] the Theater. It is not necessary that we make [illegible] announcement of this fact. That the house will be filled we have no doubt, and that all will be [illegible] we are certain.

THE COLUMBIA RIVER.—It is thought that the Columbia river will be open to navigation by to-morrow, and unless there should be another freeze to-night the Oregon Steam Navigation Company will dispatch a steamer for the Cascades at the usual hour in the morning.

THE BREWERS.—A private dispatch from a former citizen of Portland, late of Sacramento, states that he would leave on the 24th from San Francisco by the [illegible] for this city. By this we presume the *Oregon* [illegible] advertised to sail on or about to-day.

CLOSED FOR REPAIRS.—The telegraph office in this city was closed yesterday while the attaches went north and some of us to repair the line.

[illegible] Everett's house on Sommer street, has been sold to Charles O. Rogers, of the [illegible] *Journal*, who will erect a store on its site.

Silver in Jackson County

The Jacksonville *Reporter*, of Jan 13th, publishes the following intelligence in relation to the recent silver discoveries in that vicinity:

Last week we spoke of some silver ledges recently discovered in this vicinity. Since then several others have been found, and, of course, taken up by the prospectors, and we are daily in receipt of the news of some "new strike." These are in [illegible] the [illegible] ledges distinctly [illegible] well [illegible] proving [illegible] that [illegible] running through the chain of mountains that [illegible] and Rogue River Valley on the south and west.

On Monday last we visited the ledge from which the specimens to which we referred last week were taken. This vein, which is called the Silver Mountain ledge, is located about one mile west of Willow Springs, and runs along the crest of the first series of hills from the stage road, with which the ledge is almost parallel. We followed along the croppings in company with several other gentlemen, to the northward, and were able to trace the ledge distinctly for over a mile from the original location. Some of our party were prepared with tools which they used in sinking a few feet here and there along the ledge, and the result was inevitably the same—the same rich character of rock presenting itself on every occasion. A large number of claims have been located on this ledge and some of the companies are preparing to sink on it as soon as the weather will permit. As to the character of the ore all the experts in quartz in this neighborhood, of whom there are several, agree in pronouncing it first class rock, abounding in sulphurets and the precious minerals in various formations. Col. Drew made a test of some of it, which more than realized his most sanguine expectations, but was unable to judge from the crude process of analysis to which it was subjected what the average value per ton would approximate.

Since the location of the above two other ledges have been discovered—one above and the other below Silver Mountain ledge—forming a series of three ledges about three hundred feet apart, and all of the same general character, except that the original discovery is the widest and the most prominent—being about eight feet thick at the croppings, and appearing to widen as it goes down.

On Tuesday last we understand that a party prospecting in the mountains above Jackson Creek for a gold ledge struck a ledge of the same character as those near Willow Springs, and which is no doubt an extension of one of the veins of that series.

We also hear that rock of a similar character has been found to the southeast of town on a line with the belt already traced.

Add to this, we hear of the discovery of two or three gold ledges on or near Jackson Creek, also of a new strike on the celebrated Gold Hill, near the famous Fab claim. In fact developments are being made all around us that bid fair to eclipse during the coming spring any mining excitement known since the discovery of silver in Washoe. Let our people go to work busily as soon as the weather permits, and show the world that Rogue River Valley has that in her borders to make her the wealthiest as well as the most beautiful valley on the coast. But by all means avoid conflicting claims and consequent litigation. There is ground enough and ledges enough in the neighborhood, beyond doubt, to enrich every man, woman and child in Oregon, if properly managed. And let the condition of the Washoe country be an example to our people to avoid litigation as far as possible. Remember the old simile—A suit at law is like an oyster, of which the lawyers get the fish, and the contestants only the shells.

AN AMERICAN "PRINCE" IN EXILE.—A paragraph in the correspondence of the Virginia *Enterprise* thus speaks of William M. Gwin, Jr., who was among the recent departures for the East:

"The *Moses Taylor* carries Eastward, this morning, among other passengers, Wm M. Gwin, Jr., or "Willie" Gwin, as his old schoolmasters here term him. He lately arrived here from the City of Mexico, where he has been for nearly two years an inmate of the Imperial Palace and a Colonel on the Emperor Maximilian's staff—boss of that usurping Dutchman's body guard, I believe. He is now bound for France to join his father, the late Duke of Sonora. Whether the two have deserted Maximilian's ship in its present stress of weather, or whether they have gone to get the job of helping Napoleon to steer his vessel, or whether they have retired to France to squat down and keep quiet for the future, are questions I am not able to answer."

THE IMPORTANCE OF A CORRECT DECISION!—Thousands of persons suffering from the effects of a cold, apparently trifling, delude themselves with the too common idea that it is of little consequence, and will soon wear off, when, in fact, it is the first note of a death knell, unless it be promptly decided to use Newell's Pulmonary Syrup, the most effective remedy known, for the speedy cure of colds, coughs, pain in the breast and the usual premonitory affections of the chest that precede consumption.

REMEMBER, IF YOU HAVE A COLD OR COUGH, THAT HALL'S PULMONARY BALSAM will cure you quicker than any other known remedy can do; the genuine is put up in 50 cent bottles only.

MRS S. A. ALLEN'S WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER AND DRESSING. You cannot be bald or grey, and neither time nor sickness can blemish your Hair, if you use them. Sold by all Druggists.
Agents, Hostetter, Smith & Dean, San Francisco.

Multnomah No. 2.—Drill this evening at the House. Exercises will commence at 7 o'clock, precisely.
W. I. LEONARD, Sec'y.

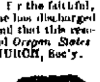
OFFICE PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.,
SALEM, Jan 13, 1866.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the People's Transportation Company, held at the office of the Company, in Salem, Jan 12, 1866, the following preamble and resolution were unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, T. McF. Patton has this day tendered his resignation as Secretary of the Company. Therefore,

Resolved, That the thanks of the People's Transportation Company are due and are hereby tendered to him by the Directors on behalf of the Company for the faithful, efficient and effective manner in which he has discharged the duties during three years' service, and that this resolution be published in the OREGONIAN and *Oregon Statesman*. ja16dlw Attest: S. T. CHURCH, Sec'y.

C. H. MACK,



DENTIST,

Assisted by **J. H. HATCH, D. D. S.**, of the Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, late of San Francisco, California. It is sufficient commendation that he is endorsed as a Dentist of Superior Skill and a Gentleman by Messrs R. H. McDONALD & CO., DR. COLE, Dentist, and many others of San Francisco.

The Patronage of those desiring FIRST CLASS and FINISHED OPERATIONS is particularly requested.

OFFICE and LABORATORY.—At the old place of H. H. BLACK, No. 10 Alder Street, Portland, Oregon.

Samaritan Lodge No. 2, I. O. of O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening, at 7 o'clock, in Stark's building, third story, opposite Arrigoni's Hotel. Members of the order are invited to attend.
ja1 By order of N. G.

Harmony Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M.—Meets on 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at 7 o'clock, P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

DR. R. GLISAN,

Late of San Francisco, formerly U. S. Army, Office on Front street, between Washington and Alder. Residence, North Fifth street, between C and D. Portland, Oregon. oc125

MANY CASES OF RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASE, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, and indeed of Chronic Disease generally, seem not curable by ordinary medical treatment, however skillful. For this reason the undersigned has made arrangements for the treatment of this class of diseases by which the patient may have the benefit of Dr Langston Parker's method of treatment by fumigation, the use of many of the mineral and saline watery baths [illegible] general and local baths of water, heated air and simple and medicated vapor, in addition to such other medical or surgical treatment as may be indicated.
J. D. COOMBS, M. D.

Consultation Rooms in Cree's Building, up-stairs, over Wells, Fargo & Co. dec-3dlf

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS,

For the Cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS. The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will Remove the severest Cold. Also

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths $1 00. Warm Baths 50 cents.
CHAS. F. WIEGAND, Proprietor,
Parrish's Brick,
Washington street, near Front,
Portland, Oregon.
scdlf

Ellison Encampment No. 1, I. O. of O. F., Meets on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at 7 o'clock P. M. Patriarchs in good standing are invited to attend. By order of C. P.
no22 dlf

Dr. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.—It renovates, purifies and strengthens the system, and aids the stomach in the performance of its functions. It is a sovereign specific for imparting strength, vigor and tone to the system, and possessing the curative powers for all diseases arising from a disordered stomach. In the most severe cases of cramps, diarrhea and weakness in the stomach the "Bitters" have been rigidly tested, and always with the greatest success.—Sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere. ap1

FOR SALE.

The undersigned [illegible] going East [illegible] offers for sale his STOCK AND BUILDINGS [illegible] [illegible] known as the EAGLE BAKERY [illegible] [illegible] ELIAS MYERS.

COME ALWAYS IN THE FORENOON!

JOSEPH BUCHTEL,

[illegible] THE BEST PHOTOGRAPHS, CARTES DE VISITE OR OTHER STYLE OF PICTURES [illegible] [illegible]
JOSEPH BUCHTEL.

DOCTORS

CHAPMAN & WATKINS,

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS,

Office—Cor. Washington and Front Sts.

J. A. CHAPMAN, M. D.	WM. H. WATKINS, M. D.
LATE OF NEW YORK AND Commissioned Surgeon in the U. S. Army. RESIDENCE.—East side of Third street fronting on the Plaza, bet. Main and Madison streets. Particular attention given to Surgery.	SURGEON FIRST OREGON Cavalry. RESIDENCE.—West [illegible] DR. WATKINS having [illegible] to treatment of the EYE and EAR at the New York [illegible] will give particular attention to the cure of the [illegible]

Portland, Oregon, Nov 8th 1865. dawlf

DOCTORS

HOFFMANN & BLACH,

PHYSICIANS, SURGEONS AND ACCOUCHEURS

Office and Residence—Cor. Washington and Front streets, Parrish's Block, Portland, Oregon.

A. J. HOFFMANN, M. D., late of Dalles, and formerly Physician of the County and German Hospital of Trinity County, California, will give particular attention to DISEASES OF FEMALES and CHILDREN.

CHAS. BLACH, M. D., late of New York, Member of the New York German Medical Society, will give particular attention to SURGERY. ja2[illegible]

Willamette Lodge No. 2, F. & A. M.—Holds its Regular Communications on the 1st and 3d Mondays of each month at 7 o'clock P. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend.
ap17tf By order of W. M.

Luxuriant Growth and Beauty to the Hair.

Mrs. S. A. Allen's

World's Hair Restorer and Dressing.

The great unequalled Preparations for Restoring, Invigorating, Beautifying and Dressing the Hair,

Rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position; quickly cleansing the scalp, arresting the fall, and never fails to restore **grey hair to its natural color, and produce a luxuriant growth.**

For sale by all Druggists.
Agents, Hostetter, Smith & Dean, San Francisco.
no7d&w6m

The Lungs are the Great Laboratory of the Human System.—When once destroyed they can never be made sound again. We should remove the first cause which leads to their destruction. When sores are forming, it is indicated by a cough or pains in the chest, or difficulty of breathing. Now ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will check these symptoms at once. If it is used in time, and prevent fatal Consumption. For sale by
SMITH & DAVIS, Agents,
Portland, Oregon.
Also, by the Dealers in Family Medicines, generally.

FIFTH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF THE

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY!

Being from 30th June 1865 to 1st January 1866

AMOUNT CAPITAL STOCK		$750,000 00
Amount in excess of Capital available to pay Losses and Dividends		301 420 57
		$1 051 420 57

ASSETS.

Loans on First Mortgages	$474,419 60	
Loans on Collateral, subject to call	308 163 60	
Real Estate, Company's Building and Lot, 436 California St	34,511 65	
Deposite in the State of Nevada, in compliance with the laws	50 000 00	
$50,000 U. S. 6 per cent 5-20 Bonds, deposited in Oregon, cost	26 482 88	
Deposits in New York City	76 312 60	
State & Federal stamps on hand	1 391 63	
Cash on hand and in Bank	80,141 91	$1 051,420 57

INCOME.

Net Cash Premiums on Fire Risks	$146,9[illegible]3 65
Net Cash Premiums on Marine Risks since 1st August	10,637 03
Interest received from Loans and Deposits	84 700 10
	$241,290 78

DISBURSEMENTS.

Amount Fire Losses paid	$ 47 450 84
Do Marine Losses paid	64 15
Paid Salaries of Officers, Attorneys and Employees	11 254 01
Paid State and Federal Taxes	2,111 57
Commissions to Agents and Brokers	8 456 95
Expenses, including all other payments	9 [illegible]7 42
Dividends paid July 5th and October 5th from earnings to those dates	90,000 00
	$[illegible]

Net am't of Fire Risks written during six months	10 771,810 00
Net am't Marine Risks written since Aug 1, 1865	[illegible]
Am't Fire Risks in force Dec 31 1865	$1,[illegible]7,910 00
Do Marine do do do do	481,495 00

JONATHAN HUNT, Pres't.
A. J. RALSTON, Sec'y.

LADD & TILTON, General Agents,
ja18dtt PORTLAND, OREGON wlt

JOHN J. MURPHY,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,

128 William Street,

NEW YORK.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE PURCHASE and Forwarding of WRITING, PRINTING and MANILLA PAPERS, TAPE, INK, PRESSES, ENVELOPES, STATIONERY, &c., &c.

Goods in the above line purchased for cash, and sent direct, or collect on delivery when ordered by responsible houses.

SCHOOL BOOKS, LAW BOOKS supplied at about half the price they can be had for in the California market.

REFERENCES:

NEW YORK	SAN FRANCISCO
Eugene Kelly & Co.,	Lamb [illegible]
S. B. Shaw & Co.	Donohoe, Kelly & Co.
Bulkley, Dunton & Co.	Fred McCrellish & Co.
PHILADELPHIA	NEW ORLEANS
Jessup & Moore,	Newman & Murphy
Theodore Magarge & Co.	

Henry L. Pittock, Portland, Oregon. ja18d m

QUICKSILVER!

THE UNDERSIGNED, AGENTS FOR SALE OF

NEW ALMADEN QUICKSILVER!

WILL SELL FOR CASH

CHEAPER than it can be Purchased Elsewhere.

SMITH & DAVIS,
Portland, May 30, 1866.—dtf 71 Front Street.

Notice.

SOMETIME IN THE MONTHS OF MAY OR JUNE I expect to get Washington [illegible] [illegible]
W. CAREY JOHNSON.

Wanted to Sell

A FIRST-CLASS SALOON!

ON ACCOUNT OF THE OWNER GOING INTO another business, can Give [illegible] Business Man with a few hundred dollars as [illegible] This is a fine chance to make money. Inquire of R. HENDREE,
ja18dtf* Corner of Front and Oak Sts. Portland.

For Sale.

250 BARRELS COKE. Apply at the Office of the PORTLAND GAS LIGHT CO.
Nov 30 dtf

What is More Charming Music

THAN A

GOOD SINGING CANARY!

and who would be without

WHEN YOU CAN GET IT SO CHEAP AT THE

SEGAR STORE:

[illegible] Opposite J. W. [illegible]
ja5tf A. S. GROSS Proprietor.

Oregon Bakery,

Corner First and Washington Streets,

PORTLAND, OREGON

OPITZ & SHARP

GIVE NOTICE TO THE TRADE THAT HEREAFTER persons will buy as follows their CRACKERS and PILOT BREAD at their Bakery. [illegible]
Portland, Jan 15th 1866. dtf

GRAND CONCERT!

EVERY EVENING

AT THE

NORTH SALOON!

SALEM, OREGON.

YOUNG LADIES WILL WAIT ON CUSTOMERS

THE BEST MUSICIANS ON THIS COAST are engaged.

Lunch Every Night!

WINES, BEER AND CIGARS are of the best quality. ja6ef HENRY WAGNER.

SECOND ANNUAL BALL!

OF THE

WASHINGTON GUARD!

AT THE

LINCOLN HOUSE,

FEBRUARY 22D, 1866.

Jan 31 1866 dtd

NOTICE.

FAST FREIGHT & EXPRESS LINE!

Winter Arrangements.

ON AND AFTER JAN 1, 1866, RATES OF FREIGHT on B. M. DURELL & CO.'S FAST FREIGHT AND EXPRESS LINE will be as follows until further notice:

From Umatilla to Lafrande			15 cents
"	"	" Union town	18 "
"	"	" Baker City	20 "
"	"	" Boise City	[illegible] "
"	"	" Idaho City	40 "
"	"	" Ruby City, Owyhee	55 "

ja16dtf B. M. DURELL & CO.

CHARLES BERNARD,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

FAMILY CHARTRES COFFEE,

AND SPICES OF ALL KINDS,

No. 707 Sansome Street, corner of Gold,

BETWEEN JACKSON AND PACIFIC STREETS,

SAN FRANCISCO.

FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED

BY THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE

FOR BEST COFFEE AND SPICES.

The proprietor having introduced Steam Power in his Manufactory, has now increased facilities to supply the trade and the public in general. All articles from his establishment are guaranteed to be pure and unadulterated. The public are respectfully invited to call and convince themselves.

Country orders promptly attended to. oc20d3mlp

Notice.

THE BUSINESS heretofore done under the name and style of W. P. TAAFFE, and TAAFFE & CO. will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of MEAGHER, TAAFFE & CO.
PHILLIP MEAGHER.
San Francisco, Nov 8 1865. nov17dly

MEAGHER, TAAFFE & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign & Domestic

DRY GOODS, HOSIERY,

Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.,

107 BATTERY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Agents for the Mount Vernon Duck Company.

WILCOX & GIBBS

SEWING MACHINE.

We would call attention to the following facts in connection with this Machine, which renders it superior to any other in use:

It forms a flat elastic seam which will not rip in wear.

It is entirely noiseless.

A patented device prevents its being turned backward.

The needle cannot be set wrong.

Can be used successfully without other instructions than accompany the Machine.

It received the Gold Medal of the American Institute in 1863. For particulars, enquire of

STEWART & GOURLEY,
Agents for Oregon, 106 Front street.
Portland, Nov 30 1864 ndawly

THE GREATEST EYE REMEDY

Ever Discovered!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM EDINBURG, Scotland, one of the Greatest Remedies for the Eye, that has yet been discovered by the Medical Faculty. It removes all obstructions from the pupil in a short time in all cases where the sight is not injured, no matter how severe the case may be, or how long standing.

I WILL GUARANTEE A PERMANENT CURE, or no charge will be made.

Consultation and examination free of charge.
DR. WM. HENLEY,
Office next door to the Court House,
Front Street, Portland.
January 9th 1866. dtf

Auction & Commission

JOHN WILLIAMS.

AUCTIONEER.

No. 100 Main Street, Dalles City,

Will attend to the selling at Auction of GENERAL MERCHANDISE, REAL ESTATE, GROCERIES, HORSES, NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE, STOCKS, &c.

Regular Sale Day **Saturday.**

Out Door and Special Sales attended to in any part of the city.

Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments.
Nov 18 Cm JOHN WILLIAMS, Auctioneer.

Notice to all Persons having Demands on the Government.

PENSIONS, BOUNTY, PRIZE MONEY, PATENTS, [illegible] Claims obtained by the undersigned, who will [illegible] Washington City. [illegible]
C. M. CARTER, Claim Agent,
Office [illegible] Building, Portland, Oregon.
decdaw1m

Notice to Shippers.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE FREIGHT WILL be reduced as follows:

From Portland to Oregon City	$1 00
" Salem	4 00
" Albany	5 00
" Corvallis	6 00

January 16, 1866. A. A. McCULLY,
dtf President P T Co

Found.

A DISCHARGE OF PRIVATE JOHN KELLY OF CO. D, Ninth Infantry, U. S. A. The owner can have the same by calling at the OREGONIAN OFFICE and paying for this advertisement. ja16dtf

C. N. HUMISTON,

MONEY AND STOCK

BROKER,

Dealer in Government and State

STOCKS AND SECURITIES,

LEGAL TENDERS,

MINING STOCKS, &C.

Office—No. 5 Carter's Block, Washington Street,
aug21 PORTLAND, OREGON, dtf

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND!

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Salesroom, Fireproof Stone Building,

Wharf Street near Yates,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Cash Advances on Merchandise for Sale.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 24TH, 1866.

CATALOGUE SALE

OF

FIRST-CLASS CUSTOM-MADE

CLOTHING!

comprising

FROCK,

BUSINESS,

DRESS,

SACK,

AND OVER-COATS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

PANTS and VESTS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

UNDERCLOTHING,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
INDIA RUBBER GOODS,
NECKERCHIEFS,
HDKFS,
TIES,
BALTIC, WHITE AND OTHER SHIRTS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Terms—1, 2, and 3 Months Credit.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
ja13dtd Auctioneers.

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Sales-Room, Fireproof Stone Building,

Wharf street, near Yates.

Cash Advances made on Consignments.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1866,

WE WILL SELL,

By Order of Hon. Chief Justice Needham,

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN,

AT SALESROOM,

Wharf Street, near Yates,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND,

By Public Auction,

AT 12 O'CLOCK M.,

The First-class Stern-wheel Steamboat

ALEXANDRA,

With all the Boats, Tackle, Sails, Furniture, etc., on board,

The **ALEXANDRA** was built in July 1863, after the style of the Mississippi River Boats. Her two Engines, which are 160 horse power each, were built at the Albion Foundry by Messrs Spratt & Kremler.

REGISTERED DIMENSIONS

Length, 163 2 3 feet, Beam, 25 feet, Depth of Hold, 7 6-10 inches, Tonnage 469 21-100 tons. A full inventory will be given at time of Sale.

For further particulars apply to

Pearkes & Green, Solicitors, or to

J. P. DAVIES & CO.,
ja5dtd Auctioneers.

Just Received,

EX A A. ELDRIDGE, DIRECT FROM SANDWICH ISLANDS:

2,300 kegs SUGAR;

350 bales PULU;

50 sacks KONA COFFEE;

188 mats RICE;

9 kegs PAPPIOCA,

For sale in lots to suit purchasers by
ja5dtf McCRAKEN, MERRILL & CO.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between B. WOLF and S. WOLF & CO., under the name of B. WOLF & CO., Oregon City, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. B. WOLF having disposed of his entire interest to S. WOLF & CO., together with all debts due the late firm.
B. WOLF,
S. WOLF & CO.
Oregon City Jan 10th 1866. ja11d6t

BRAN & SHORTS

FOR SALE,

AS MADE at Savier & Co's Imperial Mill, being Bran and Shorts run together, which will be delivered on the boats at Oregon City for **$20 per ton.** Sacks must always accompany orders.
no22 dtf WM. BARLOW.

W. Weatherford & Co.

WHOLESALE

DRUGGIST

Portland

OREGON.

OFFERS TO THE TRADE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT, at low rates, a general assortment of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES,

PAINTERS' MATERIAL,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET SOAPS, FANCY GOODS, &C.

and a general variety of articles kept in a FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

Please call and examine or yourself at

NO. 130 FRONT STREET.

Physician's Prescriptions Compounded by an Experienced Apothecary.
Nov 16 1865 lslf W. WEATHERFORD.

HOME LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

General Office, 171 Broadway, New York

and 10 Court Street, Brooklyn.

FRANKLIN SAID NEAR A CENTURY AGO, "MY object is to call attention to the fact, that a Policy of Life Insurance is the Best and Safest Provision that a man can make for his family." All experience proves THAT THIS IS A FACT.

THE HOME is conducted on the mutual plan, in the best sense of the word. It divides the profits ANNUALLY, and applies the same *immediately* to pay the amount due on the annual premium.

THE HOME has an ample Cash Capital, securely invested under the laws of the State of New York for the protection of Policy Holders, and has a Board of Directors of unimpeachable character, all of whom are Stock Holders in the Company.

It offers a permanent loan to the assured of one half of the annual premium, which loan is paid by the annual dividends, or deducted from the amount due under the Policy.

Call and get a Circular, one and all.
DAVID E. SWAN,
Cor. Third and Morrison streets,
General Agent for Oregon and Washington Ter.
DR. R. GLISAN, Medical Examiner,
ja6dlf 95 Front St., bet. Washington and Alder.

NEW YEARS' PRESENTS!

A BEAUTIFUL AND MOST USEFUL PRESENT TO MAKE A LADY IS ONE OF

Howe's New Style

SEWING MACHINES!

They are adapted to every Style of Sewing in Families or Manufactories. Will Sew Fine Muslin or Leather without Change of Tension.

EVERY MACHINE WARRANTED, AND WILL BE KEPT IN REPAIR ONE YEAR, FREE OF EXPENSE.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM. They are the BEST MACHINES IN THE WORLD, AND TOOK THE FIRST PREMIUM IN LONDON over all others.

For Sale by **WM. CURRIER & CO.,**
64 Front street,
dec20d1m Arrigoni's Hotel.

SHANAHAN & DUFRENE,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Pictures and Picture Frames,

ROSEWOOD, GILT & WALNUT MOLDINGS,

Morrison Street, (opposite the Western Hotel),

PORTLAND, OREGON.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FRAMING PHOTOGRAPH ENGRAVINGS, &c.

MR SHANAHAN, late of A. Kohler's Musical Establishment, San Francisco, will attend to Tuning and Repairing Pianos, Melodeons, and all kinds of Musical Instruments at prices to suit the times.
Portland, Jan 1, 1866. dtf

HAPPY THOUGHT,

That all may be made whole from disease and pain. The astonishing healing and cleansing and purifying qualities of

Le DOYEN'S

SARSAPARILLA IODINE

ALTERATIVE

Is fulfilling the great law of love to man.

HUMORS, RHEUMATISM, MERCURY,

SCROFULA, ERUPTIONS and all impurities are dispelled by its use.

CRANE & BRIGHAM, Agents.

For sale by all Druggists.
ja6d&wly3p

WILLIAMS & M'BRIDE,

Successors to

H. C. HUDSON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF

COFFEE, SPICES,

PIE FRUITS, PICKLES, &C.,

No. 25 Front Street,
ja1 PORTLAND, OREGON d1m

Rope! Rope!

JUST RECEIVED AN ASSORTMENT OF ROPE all sizes from ½ to 5 inch.
For sale at San Francisco Price and Freight.
R. G. SNEATH,
Wholesale Grocer,
25 Front Street, opposite O. S. N. Co's Wharf.
Portland, May 31 1865. dtf

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

THE TAX ROLL FOR 1865 IS NOW IN my hands [illegible]. All Taxes remaining unpaid at the expiration of [illegible] days from this date will be returned as delinquent.
[illegible] ERRY,
City Treasurer.
Portland, Jan 8th 1866. [illegible]

Notice.

WHEREAS MY WIFE MARGARET I. JACKSON has left my bed and board without just cause, this is to forbid all persons harboring or trusting her on my account, as I will pay no debts of her contracting.
Portland, January 17th, 1866.
ja18 lwlm HENRY JACKSON.

School Tax.

ALL PERSONS IN DISTRICT NO 1, MULTNOMAH County, who are liable for School Tax for the year 1865, are required to call at the Tax Office [illegible] and pay the same without further delay. T. M. PARRISH,
ja13dlf School Clerk.

Money to Loan!

IN SUMS OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS. Enquire of
ja16d1m GOLDSMITH BROS.

Notice to Builders and Contractors

HAVING CONTRACTED WITH SUTTON & CO for all our lumber for the next year [illegible] Bills of Lumber will be received by them.
WESTPORT MILLS, Dec 16 1865.
dec16d1m JOHN WEST & CO.

NEW DRUG STORE.

L. GROSS,

Wholesale and Retail

DRUGGIST,

Front Street, Between the What Cheer and New Columbian Hotels,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY INFORMS the public that his Store is now open, and offers for sale [illegible] at the lowest Rates, a general assortment of

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,
LEECHES,
PATENT MEDICINES
PAINTS, OILS,
VARNISHES, GLASS,
BRUSHES, PAINTERS' MATERIALS
FINE PERFUMERY,
FANCY GOODS,
TOILET WARE,
HAIR AND TOOTH BRUSHES,
FINE WOSTENHOLM'S CUTLERY,
FISHING TACKLE, &c. &c.

Physicians' Prescriptions carefully compounded by an experienced Druggist and Chemist, and put up at all hours of the night.

Orders from the country solicited and prompt attention guaranteed.
jy31dlf L. GROSS.

DR. WISTAR'S

BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY,

A CURE FOR EVERY FORM OF

PULMONARY COMPLAINT!

Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Whooping Cough, Spitting of Blood, Liver Complaint, &c., &c.

CONSUMPTION,

Which carries off more victims than any other disease, and which baffles the skill of the Physician to a greater extent than any other malady, often

YIELDS TO THIS REMEDY!

when all others prove ineffectual

AS A MEDICINE,

RAPID IN RELIEF, SOOTHING IN EFFECT, SAFE IN ITS OPERATION, IT IS

UNSURPASSED!

While as a preparation, free from noxious ingredients, poisons or minerals; uniting skill, science and medical knowledge, combining all that is valuable in the vegetable kingdom for this class of disease, it is

INCOMPARABLE!

and is entitled, merits and receives the enviable appellation of the

INVALID'S FRIEND!

Sold by all Druggists, and by
REDINGTON & CO.,
416 and 418 Front Street, San Francisco.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE,

FORTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE

has fully established the superiority of

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

over all other healing preparations

FOR THE CURE OF

Scalds,
Burns, Cuts,
Flesh Wounds, Boils,
Chilblains, Blisters, Bruises,
Felons, Piles, Erysipelas, Ulcers,
Salt Rheum, Injury by Splinters, Old Sores, Ring Worm, Frost-Bitten Parts,

AND ALL CUTANEOUS DISEASES AND ERUPTIONS GENERALLY.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE

is prompt in action, removes pain at once, and reduces the most angry-looking swellings and inflammations, as if by magic,—thus affording relief and a complete cure.

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

REDINGTON & CO., Agents,
416 and 418 Front St., San Francisco.
mdeodly

THOS. TAYLOR & CO.

Successors to J. G. FRISCH & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

WINES AND LIQUORS

413 and 415 Clay Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

SOLE PROPRIETORS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

DR. HUFELAND'S SWISS STOMACH BITTERS.

(First Premium.)

The world-renowned reputation, together with the extensive and increasing demand for DR. HUFELAND'S SWISS BITTERS will at once recommend them to the favorable notice of all connoisseurs and lovers of a GOOD AND HEALTHFUL TONIC AND INVIGORATOR. As a Purifier of the Blood, acting surely yet gently on the secretions of the Liver and Kidneys, they are unequaled, and a most agreeable drink. dec21 [illegible]

J. SCHONFELD, H. BREMER, { San Francisco. S. LEHMANN, Portland.

J. SCHONFELD & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF

SEGARS AND TOBACCO,

Pipes, Matches,

STATIONERY, CUTLERY AND YANKEE NOTIONS,

85 First Street, corner Washington,
oct26 PORTLAND, OREGON d3ptf

TO THE "GREEN BAND BOX,"

VAN FRIDAGH & CO.,

French Millinery,

No. 107 First Street,
Nov 18 dlf Between Morrison and Alder.

MILLARD & VAN SCHUYVER

SUCCESSORS TO

LADD, REED & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in

Brandies, Wines and Liquors

Front Street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

Doors, Windows and Blinds.

JUST RECEIVED PER BARK JANE A. FALKINBURG, a Large Assortment of Doors, Windows and Blinds of EASTERN MANUFACTURE, and for sale by
ja5dtf MILLARD & VAN SCHUYVER.

DR. R. B. WILSON,

Office—No. 5 Stark Street,
(Up Stairs.)
Residence—North Fourth street,
no10 Between B and C dawtf

DR. H. M'KINNELL
HOMEOPATHIST,

THOSE PREFERING THE MILD, EFFICIENT MEDICAL TREATMENT can consult him at his Office, on Fourth street, fronting the Public Square.

Ten Years Practice in Oregon enables him to treat successfully diseases peculiar to the climate.

Portland, March 10, 1864. dtf

J. L. COOMBS, M.D.,
[Late of Corvallis.]

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, &c., &c.

OFFICE—Cree's Building, over Wells Fargo & Co.'s
ENTRANCE FROM STARK STREET.

CONTINUES TO TREAT THE DISEASES OF EVERY NATURE.

May be found at the Consultation Room, day and night, unless absent on professional business.

Portland, Oct 30, 18 ly

DR. E. POPPLETON,
(*Late of Lafayette.*)

Office—Room No. 1, Vaughn's Building, Over City of Paris Store.

RESIDENCE—Corner Morrison and Ninth Streets,
dec21 PORTLAND dtf

PEOPLE'S TRANSPORTATION CO.'S
Notice.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE UNTIL FURTHER notice

THE STEAMER

SENATOR

Will leave Portland for Oregon City every morning at 7 o'clock, CARRYING THE U. S. MAILS.

The Steamer RELIANCE will leave Canemah every Monday and Thursday morning upon the arrival of the SENATOR from Portland, for CORVALLIS and intermediate points.

The Steamer ENTERPRISE will leave every Tuesday morning, for EUGENE CITY and intermediate points.

W. K. WITHERELL, Esq., will be in attendance on Capt. Couch's Wharf to receipt for all freight shipped for Upper Willamette. A. A. McCULLY,
Dec. 9th, 1865—dtf President P. T. Co.

Notice.

THE WILLAMETTE STEAM NAV. CO.'S STEAMER

ACTIVE,

CAPT. J. T. APPERSON, Master

Will leave CANEMAH every TUESDAY and FRIDAY at 10 o'clock A. M., for SALEM, ALBANY and CORVALLIS. D. W. BURNSIDE,
Portland, Dec. 6, 1865—tf Pres't W. S. N. Co.

Notice.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE until further notice, THE STEAMER

UNION

Will leave CANEMAH every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY mornings upon the arrival of the Boat from Portland.

Returning every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, connecting with the Boats for Portland.
September 7th, 1864.—tf J. D. MILLER, Master.

Public Sale.

Of Land for Street Assessments.

NOTICE is hereby given that by virtue of Warrants duly issued by order of the Common Council of the City of Portland and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon and sell according to law each of the pieces and parcels of land hereinafter described to make the assessments upon said parcels of land, declared by Ordinance No. 203, for the purpose of improving Washington street between Front and East Park streets, in said city, and which assessments have not been paid and are now delinquent:

Now, in pursuance of said Warrants, I have levied upon, and on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1866, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the Court House door, in the city of Portland, county of Multnomah and State of Oregon, to make the said assessments, interest and costs, and expenses of sale, each of the following described parcels of land situated in the city of Portland, county and State aforesaid, to-wit:

NO. OF BLOCK.	NO. OF LOT.	OWNER TO WHOM ASSESSED	AM'T OF ASSESSM'T
16	n27ft of 1	Alexander Myers,	555 42
"	w37ft of 7	Unknown,	20 83
16	s½4	Brelsford & Ewry,	168 36
"	w½4	W. P. Burke,	194 16
"	5	" "	173 37
10	e75ft of 1&2	Joseph Teal,	380 40
"	6	T. McCully,	440 00
"	7	" "	64 00

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. of the day above named and continue from day to day until all are sold.

Payments to be made in United States gold and silver coin. HENRY L. HOYT,
Marshal of the City of Portland.
Dated this 15th day January, A. D. 1866. mdw

Notice

To Persons taking out Licenses in the City of Portland.

CITY MARSHAL'S OFFICE, Jan. 8, 1866.

THE ATTENTION OF ALL PERSONS DOING BUSINESS in the City of Portland, which requires a City License, is directed to Sec. 2d of Ordinance No. 170, which is as follows:

"That every person, firm, company or corporation, required by this Ordinance to obtain a License to engage in any trade, business or profession, for which a License is required by this Ordinance, shall pay to the City Treasurer such sum or sums as hereinafter provided.

Thereupon, with the receipt of the City Treasurer, which receipt shall set forth the kind of business for which the License is desired, they shall apply to the City Auditor who shall issue a License to the parties applying in accordance with the receipt of the Treasurer."

In consequence of the refusal or neglect of many persons to apply to the Auditor for such License, after paying the money to the Treasurer, I am ordered by the Common Council to give notice that unless persons comply with the requirements of said Ordinance, they will be arrested and prosecuted whether they have paid the money or not. HENRY L. HOYT,
ja8d10t Marshal of the City of Portland.

EAGLE
FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!

OAK ST. (bet. Front and First) PORTLAND,

FERRY, CRAIN & CO.,

Manufacturers of

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, QUARTZ, Mill Machinery, Flour and Saw Mill Machinery, Horse Powers, Hoisting Machinery, REAPERS & MOWERS, Cooking Ranges and Stoves, Iron Doors and Shutters, Fencing and Ornamental Work for Buildings, Agricultural Implements, Machinery and Iron Work for Ships and Steamers.

All kinds of REPAIRING promptly done.

The Proprietors are each Experienced Mechanics, and all work will receive their personal attention and will be done in a workmanlike manner and upon the most reasonable terms. dec2dtf

ESTABLISHED............1851

LAWRENCE & HOUSEWORTH,
OPTICIANS,

Importers of Optical, Mathematical and Philosophical Instruments,

Stereoscopic Goods,

CARTES DE VISITE,

and JOSEPH RODGERS & SONS'

SUPERIOR CUTLERY.

PUBLISHERS OF PHOTOGRAPHS OF CALIFORNIA.

Nos. 317 and 319 Montgomery street, between California and Pine streets, San Francisco,
And No. 11 Maiden Lane, New York.

HAVE FOR SALE THE LARGEST STOCK ON THE Pacific Coast, consisting in part as follows:

120	dozen SPECTACLES, in Gold, Silver, Steel and Plated frames;
305	dozen EYE GLASSES, in Gold, Silver, Steel, Horn, Shell and Rubber Frames;
150	dozen WIRE GAUZE GOGGLES,
300	dozen SPECTACLE GLASSES and BRAZILIAN PEBBLES,
350	dozen SPECTACLE and EYE GLASS CASES
205	Opera and Marine Glasses,
75	Telescopes and Spy Glasses,
225	dozen Magnifying Glasses;
30	dozen Pocket Compasses,
325	Hand Stereoscopes,
74	Revolving Stereoscopes,
,500	dozen Stereoscopic Views,
	Drawing Instruments in German Silver and Brass,
	Boxwood and Ivory Scales,
	Microscopes in every Style,
200	Magnetic Machines for Medical purposes,
	Aneroid Barometers;
20,500	Card Photographs;
600	Album Pictures in oil colors;
	dozen Union Card Frames,
	Joseph Rodgers & Son's CUTLERY;
100	dozen Table Knives;
20	dozen Pocket Knives;
7	dozen Razors
50	dozen Razor Strops;
130	dozen Scissors;
	SCISSORS in Cases,
100	dozen Gyroscope Tops;
160	dozen Thermometers;
25	dozen Hydrometers;
	Galvanic Batteries

☞ COUNTRY TRADERS will consult their own interest by examining our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

*** ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY PROMPTLY EXECUTED

☞ CATALOGUES sent to any address FREE —☞ Address

LAWRENCE & HOUSEWORTH,
OPTICIANS,

Nos. 317 and 319 Montgomery Street,
ja30 SAN FRANCISCO. dawly1p

Persons with Violins

WHO wish a good Collection of Music, will find it in "**Winner's Excelsior Collection.**" Price 75 cents.

Excellent Duets for Piano and Violin

Will be found in the "**Union Collection.**" Price 75 cents. Both of the above are published by
dtc OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston

New Columbian,

Nos. 119, 120 and 122 Front st. corner of Morrison.

GOOD NEWS!

THE NEW COLUMBIAN having just been elegantly finished, and being now ready for the reception of customers the Proprietor would say to the citizens of Portland and the travelling public, that he is now ready to receive and entertain all who may favor him with a call, at PRICES TO SUIT.

The NEW COLUMBIAN is an entirely new house, fitted, finished, is well ventilated and well furnished, and has space to accommodate (with comfort to the guests) [illegible].

The DINING ROOM is large and commodious; has fine suits of rooms with connecting doors, for families.

The TABLE will be furnished with the best the market affords, permitting none to excel it either in quality or variety.

A large fire-proof Safe for the deposit of valuables—Baggage taken to the House free of charge. House open all night.

Board, per week, $5; Board and Lodging, $7 to $10.

The Proprietor will at all times endeavor to please his guests, and would respectfully and cordially solicit the patronage of the citizens of Portland and the travelling public. P. B. SINNOTT, Proprietor.
Portland, Oregon, August 5th, 1864. dtf

What Cheer House,

Front St., between Morrison and Yamhill

M. O'CONNER, Proprietor,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM HIS PATRONS and the public generally that having moved into his

NEW AND SPLENDID HOTEL,

He is now prepared to accommodate any number of persons with Board and Lodging.

Each Room is furnished with entirely NEW FURNITURE, Carpeting, and French Spring Mattresses.

☞ The Table is furnished with EVERYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS.

The Proprietor would express himself thankful for the continued patronage of the people for years, he would solicit the further patronage of the public, assuring them that no expense or labor will be spared in making this house the most desirable and agreeable Hotel in Oregon.

Good Fire Proof Safe for keeping Treasure, Valuables, &c. This House is OPEN AT ALL HOURS.

Baggage brought from Steamers Free of Charge.
Portland, May 4, 1864. d&wtf

Western Hotel,

Corner of Morrison and First streets.
PORTLAND, OREGON,

S. D. SMITH .... Proprietor.

THIS HOTEL, DURING THE LAST TWO MONTHS, has been entirely repainted, refitted and enlarged by an addition of a number of new rooms, and the proprietor is now able to offer additional inducements to the patrons of the house, and also solicits increased patronage from the traveling public.

Especial attention is called to his SUITS OF ROOMS, and arrangements for the accommodation of families.

The RESTAURANT is under his immediate supervision, assisted by experts in the art cuisine, and he flatters himself now able to gratify the tastes and wishes of all.

☞ Hotel open at all hours.
Portland, March 1st, 1866. dtf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

Corner Second and Alder Sts..
PORTLAND, OREGON.

JACOB KOENIG .... Proprietor

This Hotel is now open for the reception of Guests

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE WASHINGTON HOTEL, long and favorably known to the public as the Proprietor of the New York Hotel, respectfully recommends his New Hard Finished House to his numerous friends in this City and vicinity and the Atlantic States, with the assurance that nothing will be omitted on his part to render the Washington Hotel as eligible a House as any in Portland for City Boarders, as well as for Merchants and Families from the interior. This House is located in the very heart of the Commercial part of the City, and provided with every convenience calculated to render a stay in the same convenient and comfortable. The rooms are high and airy and everything new.

The Table will always be supplied with the best the market affords. se16dtf

Mansion House,
(*Formerly What Cheer House.*)

THIS WELL KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN for the reception of guests, after being thoroughly renovated and newly furnished:

TERMS:

Board and Lodging, per week,	$6 00
Board without Lodging, per week,	5 00
Board per day,	1 00
Single Meals,	50
Lodgings,	25 to 50

E. CARNEY, Proprietor.

This House is conducted strictly on TEMPERANCE PRINCIPLES.

FIRE-PROOF SAFE in Office for valuables.

☞ Baggage taken to the house free of charge.
Portland, May 10, 1864. dtf

Howard House,

Front St., near Steamboat Landing.
[Formerly kept by Jas. Going.]

MICHAEL LANE............ Proprietor.

THIS WELL-KNOWN HOTEL IS NOW OPEN FOR the reception of guests. It has been renovated and refurnished.

TERMS:

Board and Lodging from $6 00 to $7 00 per week

FIRE-PROOF SAFE for Valuables, and all baggage carefully taken care of.

There is a First-Class SALOON connected with the House, under the supervision of WILLIAM INGATE.
oc5-6tf

LINCOLN HOUSE,

Corner Washington and Front Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL. LARGEST IN THE STATE
Charges Reasonable.

AN OMNIBUS will attend all the Boats and convey Passengers and their baggage to the House Free of Charge, or to any other House in the City for 50 cents.
S. COFFIN, Proprietor.

P. S.—HOT AND COLD BATHS in the House.

All the Steamers for Oregon City, Vancouver, Monticello and Astoria land at the Lincoln House Wharf.

Oregon Statesman, *Advocate*, and Dalles *Mountaineer* copy 3 months and send bill to Lincoln House. au30.3m

RUSS HOUSE,

San Francisco, California.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY PURchased the interest of HARRENDEN & DYER, in the above well known, popular and commodious house.

The house will be under the management and control of SIMON H. SEYMOUR, recently of the Cosmopolitan Hotel and H. H. PEARSON, late of the American Exchange. It will be thoroughly refitted, and in all its appointments will compare favorably with any Hotel in the State.

The proprietors, by strict attention to the comfort of their guests, hope to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage.
H. H. PEARSON & CO.
San Francisco, June 13th, 1865. oct6d3m1p

DELMONICO RESTAURANT.

THE undersigned, having purchased the above popular institution would inform his friends and the public generally that he hopes to sustain its well known merit by keeping his table always supplied with the luxuries of the Market, and having it under his own immediate supervision.

Meals at all Hours.

BOARD furnished by the day or week.
Portland, Nov 1, 1865.—4w JOHN R. PRINDLE

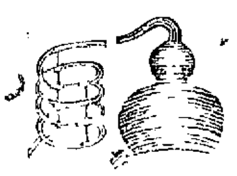
PACIFIC
Hotel & Restaurant,

OLYMPIA, W. T.

THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN and Popular House having been thoroughly renovated and newly Furnished, is prepared to entertain guests in Greater Comfort and in a more accommodating manner than can be done by any other house in the place. Meals to be had at all hours.

Call and assure yourselves of the truth of the above.
MRS. REBECCA HOWARD
November 2, 1865. 6m

WM. HEALY,
COPPERSMITH!



Steamboat, Distillery and Brewery

WORK DONE WITH PROMPTNESS!

Orders respectfully solicited.
FRONT STREET between Pine and A
Portland, Jan 12, 1866. dtf

Information Wanted.

OF WM. BROWN, whose mother has been very sick [illegible] in San Francisco and is not expected to recover. She is constantly inquiring for you and if it is possible come immediately on reading this notice.
HENRY STAMP

Notice of Dissolution.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING [illegible] the firm and name of T. A. WOOD & CO., in La Grande, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. R. Wilkinson will continue the public business, and is alone authorized to collect all debts due the late firm, and will pay all liabilities contracted since the 25th of July last, by said firm. T. A. WOOD
J. R. WILKINSON,
La Grande, November 22, 186[illegible] 10-4w

Corporation Notice.

IN pursuance of Article 3 of the By-laws, there will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the "OREGON GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY" held at the Office of the Company in Portland, Oregon, on Saturday, February 17, A. D. 1866, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing five Directors to serve the ensuing year. A full attendance is requested.
J. H. MITCHELL, Secretary,
Portland, Jan. 17, 1866. ja 21 d6tlw

Notice

IS HEREBY GIVEN that the assessment made by Ordinance No. 203 for the improvement of Washington street [illegible] by Ordinance No. [illegible] [illegible] following described lots and parcels of land [illegible] [illegible] Washington street between [illegible] street and the east line of East Park street [illegible] payable to the City Treasurer [illegible] and if the assessment is not paid within [illegible] from the final publication of this notice the Council will [illegible] warrant for the collection of the [illegible] assessment is as follows, to wit:

DATE OF ENTRY	NO OF BLOCK	NO OF LOT	OWNER TO WHOM ASSESSED	AM'T OF ASSESS'T
Nov 17	47	1	Presbyterian Church	[illegible]
	"	2	" "	[illegible]
	"	5	P. [illegible]	[illegible]
	"	6	Jo[illegible]	[illegible]
	48	1	F. Dekum,	[illegible]
	"	2	"	[illegible]
	"	8	P. [illegible]	[illegible]
	"	7	" "	[illegible]
	61	4	" "	[illegible]
	"		Wm. Carroll,	[illegible]
	"	5	R. P. [illegible],	[illegible]
	"	6		[illegible]
	64	1	Newell,	[illegible]
	"	2	Wm. [illegible],	[illegible]
	"	5	Buchanan,	[illegible]
	"	7		[illegible]
	175	1	A. H. [illegible],	[illegible]
	"	3	"	70 00
	"	5	F. D. Hutchins	[illegible]
	"	6		[illegible]
	174	1	A. N. King	[illegible]
	"	2	"	[illegible]
	"	8	R. [illegible]	[illegible]
	"	7	M. O'[illegible]	[illegible]
	176	4	F. Raleigh,	[illegible]
	"	1	"	[illegible]
	"	5	" "	[illegible]
	"	6	" "	[illegible]
	177	1	Heirs of Smith,	[illegible]
	"	2	T. Kearney	[illegible]
	"	8	C. S. A. McCann,	[illegible]
	"	7	J. [illegible]	[illegible]
	214	1	G. [illegible] Becke,	[illegible]
	"	1		[illegible]
	"	5	" "	[illegible]
	"	6	" "	[illegible]
	211	1	McCwain & Lount,	[illegible]
	"	2	"	18 00
	"	8	" "	[illegible]
	"	7	"	[illegible]

Published by order of the Common Council,
H. R. MEEKER
Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland
Portland, Jan 10, 1866. 10t

PAUL SPOSITO,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT,

AND DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

DRIED FRUITS!
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS
Wines and Liquors,

of all the various brands.

IMPERIAL COGNAC BRANDY in cases.
MALAGA ALMONDS,
RAISINS,
LEMONS, by the case,

Also, LOS ANGELES WALNUTS, for seed, will grow in any part of Oregon or Washington Territory.

ORANGE PEEL for the cure of Consumption.

ITALIAN PIGLIANO SYRUP, warranted to Cure all kinds of sickness in the world. That Syrup will Cure Rheumatism in TWENTY-FOUR HOURS, if the patient follows the directions.

COME ONE! COME ALL!—As I have a Large Stock of the above on hand at very Low Figures.

THE HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR APPLES in hands of Farmers.

NEW SALT DEPOT!

FINE LIVERPOOL SALT in 50 lb Sacks just received.

FINE SALT in New Sacks of 50 and 100 pounds,
Also, CHINOOK SALMON, for sale by
PAUL SPOSITO,
Nov 19 1865—tf Nos. 101 and 103 First Street,
Between Alder and Morrison streets, Portland.

N. W. SPAULDING,

Saw-Smithing & Repairing ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 113 Pine Street, between Front and Battery,

SAN FRANCISCO.

N. W. SPAULDING'S PATENT FALSE TEETH INSERTED IN CIRCULAR SAWS.

REPAIRING, in all its branches, such as Gumming, Re-Toothing, Straightening, &c.

CIRCULAR SAWS of all sizes; also, Cross-Cut, Mill, Muley, Gang, Buck, Butcher and Hand-Saws of all kinds, together with a good assortment of Saw Arbours, at lowest market rates.

Cast-Steel Cast PLANER KNIVES and MOULDING CUTTERS always on hand, or made to order on short notice.

N. B.—Messrs. **KNAPP, BURRELL & CO.**, Commission Merchants, Portland, Oregon, are my duly authorized Agents for Oregon, Washington and Idaho.

Orders sent through them by telegraph or otherwise will be filled at same rates as if sent to me direct.
July 1st, 1865.—dtf N. W. SPAULDING

C. W. COOL,
DENTIST,

Office—in Carter's Building, (near Post Office),
FRONT STREET, PORTLAND.

THOSE WHO DESIRE FIRST-CLASS WORK done are particularly requested to give him a call.

All Operations WARRANTED NOT TO BE EXCELLED by any Operator on the Pacific Coast.

All Work will be done at NEW YORK PRICES.

I have procured the services of A. G. PHILLIPS, D. D. S., who Graduated at the Dental College in Cincinnati, 1860. se13dpif

WINE, LIQUOR AND SYRUP
FACTORY.

THE UNDERSIGNED have received direct from Victoria, the following celebrated Brands of COGNACS, viz:

HENNESSE,

MARTEL,

OTARD DUPUY, &c.,

Portland, Jan 10, 1866.—dlptf L. VIAL & PERRY.

Union Market,

MANN, HILL & CO., Proprietors.

WILL ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND the Best of *MEATS OF ALL VARIETIES*, and other articles in their line WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Union Market,

South-West Corner of Washington and Second Sts., and

A liberal Share of Patronage is solicited, as we expect to keep as good an assortment and of as good quality as the country affords, and will deliver the same to purchaser's in all parts of the city.

☞ Kosser Meat constantly on hand.
Portland, March 6th, 1865. dtf

Empire Market.

Corner Washington and First Sts., and

Pacific Market,

No. 2, Couch's Addition.

I WILL KEEP ON HAND all the varieties of FRESH AND CURED MEATS that the market affords, for sale at either of the above Markets, at Wholesale or Retail.

Give me a call, one and all, and we will try to make you all satisfied. (ja13dtf) A. H. JOHNSON

JOHN BRUCE'S

SHIP YARD & BOAT-BUILDING SHOP,

Near the North Portland Saw Mill on the Levee.

HAVING on hand a quantity of ship building material, Oak and Fir Lumber, and Spruce Knees from the West Point mills. Also a quantity of the best quality of Spruce and Cedar Boards for the construction of small Boats and Skiffs. I am prepared to build any kind of sea or river going craft at moderate rates.

Scows built to order, having gunnels on hand. Boats done cheap.

Apply at the office of HARBAUGH & STITZEL,
North Portland Steam Saw Mill
Portland, Dec. 9th, 1865. dtf

Farm for Sale.

IN CLACKAMAS COUNTY, FOURTEEN MILES from Oregon City and 26 miles from Portland, containing 640 acres, 300 of which are fenced and in a good state of cultivation and a good orchard of twenty acres of the best fruit in the country. The land is half prairie and half timber. There is on the place a two story frame house, a barn and a distillery for making apple brandy nearly ready to run.

For a residence this place cannot be excelled in Oregon, being well situated, handy to mills and schools and in a good neighborhood.

It will be sold at a price very much below its actual value. For particulars apply to F. [illegible]
au30tf Front street, opposite the Penitentiary.

MADAME VE CONTE,
FORTUNE-TELLER,

HAVING JUST RECEIVED DIRECT FROM FRANCE the Genuine Cards and Signs of the Celebrated Madame Normand, who told so perfectly the fate and future of the great Napoleon the First, and clearly foretold the past, clearly explain the present, and rightly predicts the future.

Do you want to be successful in love or law, then consult Madame Ve Conte, No. 27 Washington street, between First and Second. Consultation fee, $5. no11tf

SUNDAY SCHOOL AND GIFT BOOKS.

FROM THE AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY AND Massachusetts Sunday School Society. For sale at Messrs Hargreen & Shindler's, First street, near Alder.
G. H. ATKINSON,
Secretary and Treasurer Oregon Tract Society.
nov17dawtf G. SHINDLER, Depositary.

ROPE,

OF ALL SIZES. For sale by
H. W. CORBETT.
Portland, February 4th, 1865. 40m

Umatilla, Boise,
AND IDAHO
EXPRESS AND FAST FREIGHT LINE.

THIS LINE IS NOW IN COMPLETE RUNNING order from Umatilla to Idaho City via Boise City, safely transporting Freight and Valuable Packages between those and all intermediate points with celerity and dispatch.

The Line is Stocked with the Best Teams the country affords and entirely New Thorough Brace

CONCORD WAGONS,

Which insures Speed and Safety in the transmission of freight never before offered in Idaho. We offer Superior inducements for Shipping Goods from San Francisco and Portland to Idaho as our arrangements with the Steamship Company and the Oregon Steam Navigation [illegible] that Goods shipped by this Line will not be subject to the usual delays but pass through as

Fast Freight.

Goods shipped from San Francisco to our care at Portland [illegible] paid and Goods forwarded to destination.

GOODS SHOULD BE MARKED—CARE B. M. D. AND F. F. LINE, and shipping receipts sent to our Agents at Portland and Umatilla.

ADVANCE CHARGES FOR TRANSPORTATION PAID

by the Line and collected at Destination. Goods will be forwarded with Dispatch to Owyhee and South Boise.

PASSENGERS CARRIED AT GREATLY REDUCED RATES. Families will be furnished with Superior Accommodations in New and Easy Riding Thorough Brace Wagons on the most Liberal Terms. We lay over each night on the Road at good and Convenient Stations, so that passengers will not be deprived of regular rest.

Agents:

RICHARDS & McCRAKEN	San Francisco
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN	Portland
[illegible] PEAL	Dalles
LOWELL & CO	Umatilla
J. R. WILKINSON	La Grand
B. M. DURELL & CO	Boise City
B. M. DURELL & CO	Idaho City
MAJOR SPEER	Rocky Bar (South Boise)
DURELL & MOORE	Ruby and Silver Cities

B. M. DURELL & CO.,
oct14d6m Proprietors

THE STANDARD
AMERICAN BILLIARD TABLES!

AND COMBINATION CUSHIONS.

MESSRS. PHELAN & COLLENDER

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENTION of persons wanting Billiard Tables to the great superiority of the above tables, manufactured exclusively at their establishment.

At the Billiard Congress of 1863, composed of all the first class players of America, it was unanimously resolved that tables of our manufacture should be used at all matches for the Championship, as the best and only reliable tables.

These Billiard Tables have received the unqualified approval of the best players and most competent judges, who have universally pronounced them unequaled for general excellence and durability.

Seven distinct patents for improvements in Billiard Tables have been granted to us by the United States Patent Office, and we have lately obtained a Patent from the French Government, for our Improvement in Billiard Cushions.

We employ in the construction of our tables, a variety of machines specially made for the purpose, by means of which we are enabled to insure a scientific and mechanical accuracy hitherto unknown in Billiard manufacture.

Having a long experience and thorough knowledge of all the appliances of Billiards, and constantly on hand a large stock of the best and most thoroughly seasoned materials, we are prepared to furnish everything required in the Billiard line with unprecedented dispatch.

The eminent French Billiard Player, M. Berger, has published the following opinion:

"NEW YORK, 24 August, 1861.

"On the eve of leaving the United States, I am happy to declare to all amateurs of Billiards that, after a tour of eleven months through the principal cities, I have been enabled to judge in a satisfactory manner of the superiority of the Billiard Tables manufactured by Phelan & Collender. The system of manufacturing is so superior, that I am happy to introduce this style of cushion into France. They have united to their manufacture of American Billiard Tables that of the French Tables, of remarkable excellence and beauty. For these reasons, I am happy to make this declaration.

"BERGER, CLAUDIUS,
Prof. of Billiards, Paris."

Parties ordering from us will find our prices as low as good work can possibly be made for. We sell first-class articles at a fair price, and will not make an inferior article at any price.

Orders by mail carefully and promptly executed. Illustrated Catalogues and Price Lists sent by mail. The "BILLIARD CUE," a journal published in the interest of Billiards, and containing details of all novelties, a copious record of Billiard news, and everything of interest to amateurs of Billiards, sent free on application.

M. E. HUGHES,
730 Montgomery St., San Francisco, Cal., is our only authorized Agent on the Pacific coast, to whom all orders should be addressed.
dec6-3m PHELAN & COLLENDER.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION NOW in my hands, tested January 3d, 1866, and to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Multnomah, in a suit wherein William Gillihan, by his guardian, Martin Gillihan, is plaintiff, and S. N. Arrigoni, *et al*, are defendants, I will expose to public sale, in front of the Court House door, in the City of Portland, in Multnomah County, State of Oregon, between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 4 P. M., on

Thursday, the 15th day of February, A. D. 1866,

so much of the following described real estate, situate in the City of Portland, County of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, as may be necessary to pay the several amounts set opposite, and interest thereon, and costs and expenses of such sale, that is to say:

Block 209, lot 7,—amount, $219 88.

Block 209, lot 8—amount, $247 76.

Block 210, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6—amount, $611 17.

Block 211, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8—amount $1223 35.

Block 215, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8—amount $1067 98.

Block 218, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8—amount $1507 20.

Block 220, lots 3, 4, 5 and 6—amount, $806 61.

Block 249, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8,—amount $1388 69.

Block 250, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8—amount $1415 41.

Block 253, lots 3, 4, 5, and 6—amount, $72[illegible] 21

Block 251, lot 1—amount, $214 53.

Block 251, lot 2, 3, and 4—amount, $546 54.

Block 251, lot 5 and 6—amount, $131 45.

Block 254, lots 7 and 8—amount, $383 90.

Block 255, lots 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8, and south 40 feet of lot two (2)—amount, $1093 35.

Block 256, lot 4—amount, $189 94.

Block 257, lots 1, 2, 7 and 8—amount, $639 61

Block 258, lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 amount $1279 11.

Block 259, lots 5, 6, 7 and 8—amount, $556 48.

JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah County,
State of Oregon.
Portland, January 17th, 1866. dtd

Portland Library Association!

ROOMS NO 66 FIRST STREET, (UP-STAIRS.

Next door to Wells, Fargo & Co.,

THE LIBRARY NUMBERS 1,500 VOLUMES OF carefully selected Standard and Miscellaneous Works, forming a very attractive collection.

THE READING ROOMS are furnished with Files of all the Leading Newspapers and Periodicals of the day.

An initiation fee of $5 and the regular payment of $3 per quarter constitutes a membership.

Persons temporarily in the city may obtain the privileges of the Library and Rooms on liberal terms.

Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to become members may apply to the Librarian at the Rooms from 8 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M.

PIONEER IRON WORKS,
SAN FRANCISCO

KITTREDGE & LEAVITT,
MANUFACTURERS OF

IRON DOORS AND SHUTTERS,

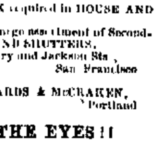
CAST IRON PILASTERS, (of the latest style),
BANK VAULTS,
PRISON CELLS,
IRON STAIRS AND FENCING,

And all kinds of IRON WORK required in HOUSE AND BRIDGE BUILDING.

☞ Constantly on hand a large assortment of Second-Hand FIRE PROOF DOORS AND SHUTTERS.
Corner Battery and Jackson Sts.,
San Francisco

AGENTS FOR OREGON—
RICHARDS & McCRAKEN,
ja1d7m1p Portland

THE EYES! THE EYES!!



DR. H. BIGELOW, OCCULIST and AURIST, (lately associated with Dr. Pardee, at San Francisco,) has opened an office at No. 86 Front street, corner of Washington, opposite the Pioneer Hotel, for the treatment and cure of all the various diseases of the Eye and Ear.

All operations on the Eye performed in the most skillful and scientific manner.

ARTIFICIAL EYES inserted without pain, having the appearance and movement of the real Eye.

Portland, November 4, 1867. dt

Boots and Shoes,

UP STAIRS, A LARGE STOCK
H. W. CORBETT.

DRAKE'S
PLANTATION BITTERS.
S. T.—1860—X.

The rapidity with which

DRAKE'S PLANTATION BITTERS

have become a HOUSEHOLD NECESSITY throughout Civilized Nations, is without a parallel in the History of the World.

OVER

TWO MILLION, ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND BOTTLES

Were Sold in Twelve Months,

AND

The Demand is Daily Increasing!

RICH AND POOR—YOUNG AND OLD,

Ladies, Physicians and Clergymen

FIND THAT IT

Revives Drooping Spirits,

LENDS STRENGTH TO THE SYSTEM

Vigor to the Mind, and is

EXHAUSTED NATURE'S GREAT
RESTORER!

Its effect in cases of

DYSPEPSIA,

Loss of Appetite, Weakness, Excessive Fatigue, Sour Stomach, Mental Despondency, &c.,

IS MOST EXTRAORDINARY.

It is composed of the choicest Roots and Herbs, the Celebrated CALISAYA BARK, etc., all preserved in pure ST. CROIX RUM. As a gentle Appetizer and Healthy Agreeable stimulant it has no equal.

It is sold by all respectable dealers in every Town, Parish, Village and Hamlet throughout North and South America, Europe and the Islands of the Ocean.

☞ None can be genuine unless bearing the private United States Stamp over the cork, with Signature on Steel Plate Label of P. H. DRAKE & CO

SMITH & DAVIS,

71 Front St., Portland,

SOLE AGENTS FOR OREGON,
and the Territories
March 17th, 1865. dawtf

ALLEN'S
LUNG BALSAM!

The Remedy for Curing

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, COLDS, Asthma, Croup,

Diseases of the Throat, Bronchitis, Pains and Oppression of the Chest and Lungs, Difficult Breathing and all the Diseases of the Pulmonary Organs.

ITS ACTION IS EXPECTORANT, ALTERATIVE, SUDORIFIC, SEDATIVE, DIAPHORETIC AND DIURETIC, which renders it one of the most valuable remedies known for curing diseases of the lungs. It excites expectoration, and causes the lungs to throw off the phlegm or mucus; CHANGES THE SECRETIONS AND PURIFIES THE BLOOD; heals the irritated parts; gives strength to the digestive organs; brings the liver to its proper action, and imparts strength to the whole system. Such is the immediate and satisfactory effect, that it is WARRANTED TO BREAK UP THE MOST DISTRESSING COUGH IN A FEW HOURS' TIME, if not of too long standing. IT IS WARRANTED to give entire satisfaction even in the MOST CONFIRMED CASES OF CONSUMPTION! IT IS WARRANTED NOT to produce costiveness (which is the case with most remedies) or affect the head, as it contains no Opium in any form. IT IS WARRANTED TO BE PERFECTLY HARMLESS to the most delicate child, although it is an active and powerful remedy for restoring the system. THERE IS NO REAL NECESSITY FOR SO MANY DEATHS BY CONSUMPTION, when ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM will prevent it if only taken in time.

Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 per bottle.

SMITH & DAVIS,
PORTLAND, OREGON,
Oct. 24, 1864—d&wtf General Agents for the State.

DR. LA'MERT

BEGS TO INFORM HIS PATIENTS AND THE Public that he has removed his Office to San Francisco. All letters will please be addressed to Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco. Due notice of residence will be given.

CONFIDENTIAL MEDICAL ADVICE.
DR. LA'MERT,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons of England; Licentiate of the Royal College of Physicians of Edinburgh; M. D. of the University of Erlangen; Licentiate of Royal Society of Apothecaries, London, &c.

CURES SECRET DISEASES WITHOUT COPAIBA OR MERCURY. He also treats successfully STRICTURES, GLEET, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, CUTANEOUS DISEASES, and those who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY, or the LOST POWERS OF MANHOOD will do well to consult him. His DIPLOMAS may be seen at his House and Offices.

Letters for advice must contain the fee of $5 00 with a full statement of the case, stating symptoms, habits, way of life, occupation, and any other information calculated to guide him in forming a correct judgment of the case.

☞ Letters to be addressed to the Office of Wells, Fargo & Co., San Francisco. dec13dtf

SMITH & BRO.'S
MACHINE AND BRASS-FINISHING
SHOP!

Corner of Second and Alder streets.

WE ARE NOW READY TO MAKE AND REPAIR all kinds of Small Machinery, and Models for the Patent Office.

We make all kinds of KEYS; HAND BELLS; REPAIR STOVES, &c, &c.

MACHINISTS' SQUARES, CALIPERS, and other tools made handsomely finished. Also tools for other trades.

BURGLAR-PROOF LOCKS and DOORS; FIRE-PROOF SAFES (small sizes), and IRON RAILINGS for Houses and Cemeteries made to order.

☞ Particular attention paid to REPAIRING REAPERS, MOWERS, and THRESHING MACHINES.

Work done in the most approved style and at Moderate Prices. Orders respectfully solicited.
F. C. & C. E. SMITH,
Portland February 1st, 1865. dtf

Sheriff's Sale.

BY VIRTUE of several executions to me directed, issued out of the Circuit Court for the county of Multnomah, in favor of J. H. Mitchell and J. N. Dolph, William Sherlock and C. M. Bacon, and Samuel Stover, plaintiffs, and against John L. Nickum, defendant, I have this day levied on all of the defendant's interest in and to the following described real estate, to wit: Part of section (31) (1 N 1 E.) containing (40) acres, situated in Multnomah county, and lots 5, 6, 7 and 8, in block (258) in the city of Portland, and will proceed to sell the same at public auction in front of the Court House door in Multnomah county, to the highest bidder, on Friday, the 26th day of January, A. D. 1866, at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., as follows: on executions in favor of Mitchell & Dolph and Samuel Stover, amounting to about $370 00 (three hundred and seventy dollars,) same to be satisfied in gold coin of the United States; and an execution in favor of Sherlock & Bacon, amounting to about $100 00, same to be satisfied in United States Legal Tender Notes. JACOB STITZEL,
Sheriff of Multnomah county, Oregon.
Portland, Dec. 28, 1865. 2tw-dtw

Notice to Volunteers.

HEAD QUARTERS STATE OF OREGON,
ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
SALEM, Dec. 9th, 1865.

I. Soldiers who enlisted for three years or during the war, in any arm of the service, who are entitled to the Bounty from the State, under the provisions of a law passed the Legislative Assembly, entitled An Act granting Bounties &c., approved Oct. 24th, 1862, are entitled to the full amount of the Bounty upon being mustered out, the same as if they had served the full three years.

II. Soldiers who enlisted for one year, are entitled to a Bounty of Fifty Dollars under the provisions of a law passed the Legislative Assembly, approved Dec. 19, 1865.

III. Bounties will be delivered to the Soldiers in person, or upon power of attorney. Power of attorney must be accompanied with the Soldier's discharge, until it is filed in the office of the Secretary of State, when the discharge will be endorsed by the Secretary and returned to the owner, or any person entitled to receive the same.

Blank powers of attorney, either for Infantry or Cavalry, can be obtained on application to this office.
j18dtw CYRUS A. REED,
10-3m Adjutant General

PROF. MURRAY'S
CELEBRATED MAGIC OIL!
King of Pain!

DR. J. M. RICE .... Proprietor

WILL CURE THE HEADACHE IN 3 MINUTES, the EARACHE IN 5 MINUTES.

For sale by all the Principal Druggists on the Pacific Coast.

COX, LADD & CO., Salem,
Wholesale, Retail and Forwarding Agents
dec6dtf for Dr J. M. RICE.

"CONSTITUTION WATER,"

THE ONLY REMEDY FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLADDER, KIDNEYS,

Gravel, Dropsical Swellings,

GENITAL DEBILITY, ETC.

THE ASTONISHING SUCCESS WHICH HAS ATtended this invaluable medicine renders it the most valuable one ever discovered. No language can convey an adequate idea of the immediate and almost miraculous change which it occasions in the debilitated and broken-down system. In fact, it stands unrivalled as a remedy for the permanent cure of the maladies above mentioned, and also—

DIABETES, IMPOTENCY,
LOSS OF MUSCULAR ENERGY,
PHYSICAL PROSTRATION,
INDIGESTION,
SEMINAL WEAKNESS,
GLEET, FLUOR ALBUS,

And in every disease any way connected with the disorder or decay of the PROCREATIVE FUNCTIONS. Persons about to marry, if conscious of any weakness, should take the

CONSTITUTION WATER,

Whether broken down by excess, weak by nature, or impaired by sickness, the unstrung and relaxed organization is at once relieved, revivified and built up. Well may this celebrated medicine be called the

MEDICAL WONDER.

The stooping, trembling victim of depression and debility becomes a new man, he stands erect—he moves with a firm step, his mind, which was previously sunk in gloom or an almost idiotic apathy, becomes bright and active, and he goes forth regenerated, conscious of new vigor.—The medicine reaches the CONSTITUTION itself, and restores it to its normal condition.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER,
INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, AND
CATARRH OF THE BLADDER,
STRANGUARY AND BURNING, OR PAINFUL
URINATING,
CALCULUS, GRAVEL,
BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS
OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy, and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms. TRY IT in these cases, and you will ever give praise to

CONSTITUTION WATER.

Males or Females,

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back, and through your hips? CONSTITUTION WATER will relieve you like magic.

DR. W. H. GREGG, Proprietor,
MORGAN & ALLEN,
General Agents, New York

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
Agents for the Pacific Coast,
401 and 404 Battery st., corner Clay, San Francisco.

SOLD BY
HODGE & CALEF, SMITH & DAVIS,
W. WEATHERFORD,
And all Druggists. jul7

CONSTITUTION
LIFE SYRUP,

COMPOSED OF

IODIDE POTASSIUM.

With the Compound Concentrated Fluid Extract of Lungwort Angustura Root, Abscess Root, Blood Root, Cancer Root, Fever Root, Canker Weed, Consumption Plant, Gravel Plant, Life Root, Liverwort, Nervine Root, Pleurisy Root, Sassafras Root, Scurvy Grass Root, Scrofula Plant, Rattlesnake Root, Squaw Root, Wa-a-hoo Bark, Wintergreen, the whole scientifically prepared, and containing the full virtue of all the ingredients united in an elegant Syrup, that possesses a wonderful power in the cure of disease.

CONSTITUTION LIFE SYRUP.

A positive and specific remedy for all diseases originating from an IMPURE STATE OF THE BLOOD, and for all (hereditary) DISEASES transmitted from PARENT TO CHILD.

Paralysis.

Hemiplegia, Paresis, Paraplegia, Paralysis, Agitans.

Dyspepsia.

Indigestion, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Weight at Stomach, Biliousness, Want of Appetite, Flatulence, Bad Breath.

Scrofula.

Struma, Glandular, Swellings, Ulceration, King's Evil, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum.

Rheumatism.

(Arthritis) Neuralgia, Gout, Lumbago, Sciatic, Tic Doloreux.

Nervousness.

Nervous Debility, Confusion of Thoughts, Epilepsy, Loss of Power, Shattered Nerves, St. Vitus' Dance.

Mercurial Diseases.

Salivation, Feeling of Weakness, Rotting of Bones, Bad Complexion, Aches in Bones, Depressed Spirits.

Constitution Life Syrup purges the system entirely of all the evil effects of Mercury, removing the Bad Breath, and curing the Weak Joints and Rheumatic Pains which the use of Calomel is sure to produce. It hardens Spongy Gums and secures the teeth as firmly as ever.

Constitution Life Syrup

Eradicates, root and branch, all Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, like

Ulcers, Pimples, Blotches,

And all other difficulties of the kind, which so much disfigure the outward appearance of both males and females, and often making them a disgusting object to themselves and their friends.

Constitution Life Syrup

CURES ALL SWELLING OF THE GLANDS, either of the Face, Neck, or Female Breast.

☞ As a general Blood-Purifying Agent, the Life Syrup stands unrivalled by any preparation in the world.

Constitution Life Syrup

Is the Poor Man's friend and the Rich Man's blessing. Buy it, take it, and be cured. It is universal in its effects.

WM. H. GREGG, M. D.,
Sole Proprietor, New York.

Labratory, Brooklyn, L. I.
PRICE—$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.
☞ Sent by Express to all parts of the country.

Sold by

HODGE & CALEF,
SMITH & DAVIS,
W. WEATHERFORD,
jul7tf Portland, Oregon.

Notice to Creditors.

Estate of Joseph Anton Ziegler.

ALL persons having claims against the above named estate are hereby notified to present them with the proper vouchers within six months from the first publication of this notice, to the undersigned at his residence in Milwaukie, Clackamas county, Oregon.
8t MARCUS REICHERZ,
Administrator with the will annexed of said estate

TREES! TREES! TREES!

THE SUBSCRIBERS INVITE THE ATTENTION of Planters, Nurserymen and Dealers to their

LARGE NURSERY STOCK

INCLUDING

APPLES, PEARS, PLUMS, &c., &c.

They are determined to sell at prices much below the usual rates, and they will cheerfully impart all Nursery Instructions pertaining to transplanting and the culture of their trees. Trees safely packed for distant transportation, in large and small quantities.

LOCATION—One and a half miles east of the Insane Asylum. Address

WM. CORWIN & H. S. WILLIAMS,
January 20, 1866.—9tal Portland, Oregon

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE CO-PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the firm name of WING & BRO., on South Fork, Yamhill county, Oregon, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. A. WING,
H. L. WING

N. B.—All indebted by note or book accounts, will call and settle. You will find me at the Cliff place.
6 4t A. WING
South Fork, Yamhill county, Oregon, Jan. 4, 1866

Mining Notice.

AT a meeting of the Board of Directors of the "OREGON GOLD AND SILVER MINING COMPANY," held at the Office of the Company January sixth (6), 1866, an Assessment of one dollar and fifty cents per share was levied upon each share of the whole Capital Stock, payable in gold coin to the Secretary of the Company, in thirty days from this date.
D-4t J. H. MITCHELL, Secretary

In the County Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah County.

In the matter of the estate of D. H. Lownsdale.

TO Fanny Squires and Ida Squires, and William E. Cooper their guardian, Mary E. Cooper, J. P. O. Lownsdale, Millard O. Lownsdale, and J. P. O. Lownsdale his guardian, Ruth A. Lownsdale, and her guardian John A. Blanchard.

You and each of you are hereby cited and notified to appear in the said County Court at the Court-House in said County, at the February term 1866, of said Court, on the 5th day of February, 1866, to show cause, if any exists, why an order of sale should not be made as prayed for in the petition of J. P. O. Lownsdale administrator of said estate, filed herein, of that parcel of land situated in said State and in Washington county, known and described as follows, to-wit, the tract of about 320 acres bounded by beginning at a post 20 chains 10 ft W of the NW corner of the SW ¼ of Sec 16 in T 1 N of R 1 W running thence S 40 chains; thence W 80 chains; thence N 40 chains; thence East 80 chains. Also the tract of land in said Multnomah county, known as the W ½ of the SW ¼ of Sec 7 in T 1 S of R 1 E containing 80 acres more or less. Also, Lots 1, 2, 7 and 8 in Block 250 and lots 1, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in Block 255 and Lot 1 in Block 150 in the City of Portland in said Multnomah county.

Witness my hand, this 4th day of January, 1866,
P. A. MARQUAM, County Judge
{L. S.} Attest H. C. COULSON, Clerk of said Court, and seal thereof affixed. S 4t

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons interested that I have filed my final account as administrator of the estate of John Clary deceased, in the County Court of Multnomah County, and the Court has fixed Tuesday the 6th day of February, 1866, in open Court for hearing objections to such final account and the settlement thereof. PATRICK MACKIN,
7.4t Administrator of the Estate of John Clary

DR. J. PERRAULT'S
FRENCH MEDICAL OFFICE,
FOR THE

CURE OF SPECIAL DISEASES,

ARMORY HALL BUILDING,

Northeast Corner Montgomery and Sacramento streets,

ENTRANCE ON EITHER MONTGOMERY OR SACRAMENTO STREET.

DR. PERRAULT CONTINUES TO TREAT PRIVATE AND CHRONIC COMPLAINTS SCROFULA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE BLOOD, [illegible] ATORRHŒA IMPOTENCE, STERILITY,

DR. PERRAULT is a Graduate of the University [illegible] Queen's College, and is the ONLY REGULAR [illegible] ATE who professes as SPECIALIST in San F[illegible]

DR. PERRAULT will attend all who are afflicted with [illegible] Debility, Loss of Memory and Vigor, etc., from injurious habits, contracted in youth, or [illegible] maturity, which produce constitutional debility [illegible] mature decline.

It is a melancholy fact that thousands [illegible] disease owing to unskillful treatment and [illegible] of Mercury.

All cases of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, [illegible] the Bladder, Gravel, Spermatorrhea, and Impotence [illegible] be cured in a few days, without prevention from [illegible]

To the Ladies.

Ladies suffering from Whites, Falling of [illegible] Suppression of the Menses, or Profuse [illegible] ness, Piles, Weakness of the Back, Pain in [illegible] side, Palpitation, and all other diseases the female system is subjected, will find prompt [illegible] dressing themselves to DR. PERRAULT, [illegible] mento and Montgomery streets, [illegible] Sacramento street.

To those seeking his advice a plain [illegible] case will be given, whether curable or [illegible] ken under treatment warranted. No [illegible] No poisons or harsh medicines to injure, no making sick to make well; he [illegible] frank in our opinions, moderate in [illegible] site investigation, claim not to know [illegible] cure everybody, but do claim to [illegible] sense, and to cure eight out of ten [illegible]

We particularly request those who have [illegible] for, and that scientific Physician, [illegible] till worn out and discouraged, to call [illegible] cost nothing, as consultations are free.

N. B.—Persons at a distance can be cured by addressing a letter to DR. PERRAULT, stating as minutely as possible, general habits of living, [illegible] tion, etc. Letters to be addressed [illegible] D., corner Sacramento and Montgomery sts., [illegible] 10 and 11, or Box 973, Post Office, San F[illegible]

DR. PERRAULT still continues [illegible] FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS. They [illegible] established their reputation as the only safe [illegible] remedy for all irregularities and obstructions [illegible] no matter from what cause. On receipt of [illegible] these pills will be sent by Mail or Express to [illegible] the world, secure from curiosity or [illegible]

TO THE UNFORTU[illegible]

NEW REMEDIES, NEW [illegible]

Dr. Gibbon's Dispens[illegible]

617 KEARNEY STREET, NEAR COMMERCIAL, San Francisco. Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Seminal Diseases, such as Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, etc. Skin Diseases (of years standing) and Ulcerated Legs successfully treated.

Horrible Diseases.

How many thousands of persons, both male, are there who are suffering out a [illegible] ence from the effects of secret indulgence absorbed into the system! Look at their [illegible] ted and disfigured faces and their broken constitutions, disqualifying them for the happiness or the enjoyment of life. In this horrible [illegible] sands suffer until death closes the [illegible] guardians, friends, attend to those who [illegible] any of these horrible life-destroying [illegible] they are cared for and cured before it [illegible] them immediately to Doctor Gibbon, [illegible] made private disease his especial [illegible] is certain to cure the most inveterate [illegible] cury or any injurious drugs. It is [illegible] who are afflicted, or to those who [illegible] welfare of their friends, to be careful [illegible] tended doctors who infest all cities [illegible] in curing all diseases in a few days, [illegible] public by using the names of [illegible] Europe and other places. Be [illegible] strict inquiry, or you may fall into the [illegible] charlatans.

Seminal Weakness.

Seminal Emissions, the consequence of solitary vice, or depraved sexual [illegible] by the youth of both sexes to an [illegible] producing, with unerring certainty [illegible] of morbid symptoms, unless [illegible] ical measures, viz: Sallowness, [illegible] the eyes, pain in the head, [illegible] the rustling of leaves and rattling [illegible] about the loins, weakness of the [illegible] blunted intellect, loss of confidence [illegible] proaching strangers, a dislike to [illegible] a disposition to shun society, [illegible] flushes; pimples and various eruptions [illegible] furred tongue, fetid breath, coughs, [illegible] sweats, monomania and frequent [illegible] not obtained, should apply immediately [illegible] or by letter, and have a cure effected [illegible] entific mode of treating this disease [illegible] effecting a quick and radical cure. [illegible] Hundred Dollars to any person who [illegible] rify to him that he was cured of this [illegible] of the San Francisco quacks.

DOCTOR GIBBON is ready [illegible] patient a written instrument, [illegible] radical and permanent cure, or [illegible]

Persons at a distance may be CURED by addressing a letter to Doctor Gibbon [illegible] toms, length of time the disease [illegible] Medicines promptly forwarded, free [illegible] curiosity, to any part of the country [illegible] directions for use, for Ten Dollars, [illegible] ter or through Wells, Fargo & Co.

Address DR. J. F. GIBBON, 617 K[illegible] Commercial, San Francisco. Post Office [illegible] Consultations FREE.

Prevention Better!

The newly invented Patent P[illegible] ventive against Disease and [illegible] Price $1. Address DR. J. F. GIBBON [illegible] St., near Commercial, San Francisco. [illegible] dec12d6mlp

Summons.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for the County of Multnomah.

Jacob Wheeler, Plff., vs. Sylvester [illegible]

TO SYLVESTER A. COHALAN, [illegible] name of the State of Oregon, [illegible] quired to appear and answer the [illegible] you in the above entitled action, on the [illegible] term of said Court next after the publication [illegible] mons for six consecutive weeks, the [illegible] ing Saturday, Dec 30th, 1865; and if [illegible] swer, for want thereof, the plaintiff [illegible] Court for a decree against you, that [illegible] certain piece of land on his donation [illegible] veyed to you by him, and for his [illegible]
7 6t LARRABEE, STA[illegible]
[U.S.R.S.50cts] Attorneys

Summons.

In the County Court of the State of Oregon, County of Grant—[illegible]

F. C. Horsley vs. W. R. H[illegible]

TO WM. R. HURST, Deft.: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of [illegible] against you, which has been filed with the [illegible] County Court above named (a certified copy [illegible] herewith delivered to you) within ten days [illegible] hereof, if served in Grant County, and [illegible] days if served in any other county in [illegible] are further notified that if you fail to [illegible] specified plaintiff will take judgment [illegible] sum of four hundred and fifty ($450) dollars [illegible] and disbursements. Yours, &c.,
C. H. MILL[illegible]
Grant County, Oregon, Nov 29, A. D. 18[illegible]
By order of Hon. W. LAIR HILL, Judge.
[U.S.R.S.50cts, cancelled]

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Multnomah county.

Lloyd Brooke, plaintiff, vs John Owen and [illegible] son, defendants.

TO John Owen, defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are required to appear [illegible] the complaint filed against you in the [illegible] tion, by the second Monday in June, A. D. [illegible] you fail to so answer, for want thereof, the [illegible] take judgment against you for the sum of [illegible] dollars with interest thereon from the first [illegible] A. D. 1865 at the rate of two per cent. per [illegible] gether with costs and disbursements of this [illegible]

This action is brought upon a certain promissory note given by said John Owen and R. R. T[illegible] Frank T. Dodge for the sum of five hundred [illegible] with interest thereon from date until paid at [illegible] two per cent. per month; dated Sept. 1st, 18[illegible] dorsed over by said Frank T. Dodge to [illegible] Brooke. HAMILTON & [illegible]
January 12, 1866. 10 6t Att'ys for [illegible]

LIVE FENCE, LIVE FE[illegible]

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE [illegible] bushels of WHITE HAWTHORNE [illegible] the only reliable Hedge Plant yet discovered, [illegible] seed growing on my farm three miles east of [illegible] Also, a quantity of genuine Lawton Blackberry [illegible] Low Prices, and a few Delaware, Concord, and [illegible] Muscadine Grape Vines. Also a few hundred [illegible] Apples and Seed Potatoes—Garnet, Chili, [illegible] White Neshannock and Pink Eyes. Also, [illegible] Tobacco, Sweet German and Rutabaga Turnip [illegible] direct [illegible] and purchasers. And a sure cure for [illegible] tion and Diphtheria can be had by calling at Dr. [illegible] [illegible] Drug Store, or on the subscriber.
P. PE[illegible]
Paradise Springs, 5 miles east of Portland.

J. R. HULSEY, M. D. R. W. DEAL [illegible]

HULSEY, DEAL & McCOM[illegible]

LA GRANDE, OREGON,

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PAINTS AND OILS,
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And a general assortment of all Goods in the [illegible] and NEWS LINE at the old stand of Stockton & [illegible] on C STREET, LA GRANDE.